

ICC-ES Evaluation Report ESR-4868



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DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS Section: 05 05 19—Post-installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

HILTI, INC.

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

HILTI HIT-HY 200 V3 ADHESIVE ANCHORS AND POST INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS IN CONCRETE

1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE

Compliance with the following codes:

- 2021, 2018, 2015, and 2012 International Building Code[®] (IBC)
- 2021, 2018, 2015, and 2012 International Residential Code[®] (IRC)

For evaluation for compliance with codes adopted by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS), see <u>ESR-4868 LABC and LARC Supplement</u>.

Property evaluated:

Structural

2.0 USES

Adhesive anchors and reinforcing bars installed using the Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System are used to resist static, wind and earthquake (Seismic Design Categories A through F) tension and shear loads in cracked and uncracked normal-weight or lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength, f'_c , of 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

The anchor system complies with anchors as described in Section 1901.3 of the 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC, and Section 1909 of the 2012 IBC and is an alternative to castin-place anchors described in Section 1908 of the 2012 IBC. The anchor systems may also be used where an engineered design is submitted in accordance with Section R301.1.3 of the IRC.

The post-installed reinforcing bar system is an alternative to cast-in-place reinforcing bars governed by ACI 318 and IBC Chapter 19.

3.0 DESCRIPTION

3.1 General:

The Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System are comprised of the following components:

- Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 adhesive packaged in foil packs (either Hilti HIT-HY 200-A V3 or Hilti HIT-HY 200-R V3)
- · Adhesive mixing and dispensing equipment
- · Equipment for hole cleaning and adhesive injection

The Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive Anchoring System may be used with continuously threaded rod, Hilti HIT-Z(-R) anchor rods, Hilti HIS-(R)N internally threaded inserts or deformed steel reinforcing bars as depicted in Figure 1. The Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System may only be used with deformed steel reinforcing bars as depicted in Figure 2. The primary components of the Hilti Adhesive Anchoring and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar Systems, including the Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive, HIT-RE-M static mixing nozzle and steel anchoring elements, are shown in Figure 5 of this report.

The manufacturer's printed Installation instructions (MPII), as included with each adhesive unit package, are replicated as Figure 6.

3.2 Materials:

3.2.1 Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive: Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive is an injectable, two-component hybrid adhesive. The two components are separated by means of a dual-cylinder foil pack attached to a manifold. The two components combine and react when dispensed through a static mixing nozzle attached to the manifold. Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 is available in 11.1-ounce (330 mL) and 16.9-ounce (500 mL) foil packs. The manifold attached to each foil pack is stamped with the adhesive expiration date. The shelf life, as indicated by the expiration date, applies to an unopened foil pack stored in a dry, dark environment and in accordance with Figure 6.

Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive is available in two options, Hilti HIT-HY 200-A V3 and Hilti HIT-HY 200-R V3. Both options are subject to the same technical data as set forth in this report. Hilti HIT-HY 200-A V3 will have shorter working times and curing times than Hilti HIT-HY 200-R V3. The packaging for each option employs a different color, which helps the user distinguish between the two adhesives.

3.2.2 Hole Cleaning Equipment:

3.2.2.1 Standard Equipment: Standard hole cleaning equipment, comprised of steel wire brushes and air nozzles, is described in Figure 6 of this report.

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3.2.2.2 Hilti Safe-Set™ System: The Hilti Safe-Set™ with Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 consists of one of the following:

- For the Hilti HIT-Z and HIT-Z-R anchor rods, hole cleaning is not required after drilling the hole, except if the hole is drilled with a diamond core drill bit.
- For the elements described in Sections 3.2.4.2 through 3.2.4.4 and Section 3.2.5, the Hilti TE-CD or TE-YD hollow carbide drill bit with a carbide drilling head conforming to ANSI B212.15. Used in conjunction with a Hilti vacuum with a minimum value for the maximum volumetric flow rate of 129 CFM (61 ℓ/s), the Hilti TE-CD or TE-YD drill bit will remove the drilling dust, automatically cleaning the hole.

3.2.3 Hole Preparation Equipment:

3.2.3.1 Hilti Safe-Set™ System: TE-YRT Roughening Tool: For the elements described in Sections 3.2.5.2 through 3.2.5.4 and Tables 12, 13, 15, 18, 19, 21, 24, 25, 28 and 29, the Hilti TE-YRT roughening tool with a carbide roughening head is used for hole preparation in conjunction with holes core drilled with a diamond core bit as illustrated in Section 4.1.4.2 of this report.

3.2.4 Dispensers: Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 must be dispensed with manual or electric dispensers provided by Hilti.

3.2.5 Anchor Elements:

3.2.5.1 Hilti HIT-Z and HIT-Z-R Anchor Rods: Hilti HIT-Z and HIT-Z-R anchor rods have a conical shape on the embedded section and a threaded section above the concrete surface. Mechanical properties for the Hilti HIT-Z and HIT-Z-R anchor rods are provided in Table 2. The rods are available in diameters as shown in Table 7 and Figure 1. Hilti HIT-Z anchor rods are produced from carbon steel and furnished with a 0.005-millimeter-thick (5 μ m) zinc electroplated coating. Hilti HIT-Z-R anchor rods are fabricated from grade 316 stainless steel.

3.2.5.2 Threaded Steel Rods: Threaded steel rods must be clean, continuously threaded rods (all-thread) in diameters as described in Tables 11 and 17 and Figure 1 of this report. Steel design information for common grades of threaded rods is provided in Table 3. Carbon steel threaded rods may be furnished with a 0.0002-inch-thick (0.005 mm) zinc electroplated coating complying with ASTM B633 SC 1 or must be hot-dipped galvanized complying with ASTM A153, Class C or D. Stainless steel threaded rods must comply with ASTM F593 or ISO 3506 A4. Threaded steel rods must be straight and free of indentations or other defects along their length. The ends may be stamped with identifying marks and the embedded end may be blunt cut or cut on the bias to a chisel point.

3.2.5.3 Steel Reinforcing Bars for use in Post-Installed Anchor Applications: Steel reinforcing bars are deformed bars as described in Table 4 of this report. Tables 11A, 17, and 23 and Figure 1 summarize reinforcing bar size ranges. The embedded portions of reinforcing bars must be straight, and free of mill scale, rust, mud, oil and other coatings (other than zinc) that may impair the bond with the adhesive. Reinforcing bars must not be bent after installation except as set forth in ACI 318-19 Section 26.6.3.2(b) ACI 318-14 Section 26.6.3.1(b) or ACI 318-11 Section 7.3.2, as applicable, with the additional condition that the bars must be bent cold, and heating of reinforcing bars to facilitate field bending is not permitted.

3.2.5.4 Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN Inserts: Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN inserts have a profile on the external surface and are internally threaded. Mechanical properties for Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN inserts are provided in Table 5. The inserts are available in diameters and lengths as shown in Table 27 and

Figure 1. Hilti HIS-N inserts are produced from carbon steel and furnished with a 0.005-millimeter-thick (5 μ m) zinc electroplated coating complying with ASTM B633 SC 1. The stainless steel Hilti HIS-RN inserts are fabricated from X5CrNiMo17122 K700 steel conforming to DIN 17440. Specifications for common bolt types that may be used in conjunction with Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN inserts are provided in Table 6. Bolt grade and material type (carbon, stainless) must be matched to the insert. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , corresponding to brittle steel elements must be used for Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN inserts.

3.2.5.5 Ductility: In accordance with ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.1, as applicable, in order for a steel element to be considered ductile, the tested elongation must be at least 14 percent and reduction of area must be at least 30 percent. Steel elements with a tested elongation of less than 14 percent or a reduction of area of less than 30 percent, or both, are considered brittle. Values for various steel materials are provided in Tables 2, 3, and 6 of this report. Where values are nonconforming or unstated, the steel must be considered brittle.

3.2.6 Steel Reinforcing Bars for Use in Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections: Steel reinforcing bars used in post-installed reinforcing bar connections are deformed bars (rebar) as depicted in Figures 2 and 3. Tables 30, 31, 32, and Figure 6 summarize reinforcing bars must be straight, and free of mill scale, rust and other coatings that may impair the bond with the adhesive. Reinforcing bars must not be bent after installation, except as set forth in Section 26.6.3.2(b) of ACI 318-19, Section 26.6.3.1(b) of ACI 318-14 or Section 7.3.2 of ACI 318-11, as applicable, with the additional condition that the bars must be bent cold, and heating of reinforcing bars to facilitate field bending is not permitted.

3.3 Concrete:

Normal-weight and lightweight concrete must comply with Sections 1903 and 1905 of the IBC, as applicable. The specified compressive strength of the concrete must be from 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION

4.1 Strength Design of Post-Installed Anchors:

Refer to Table 1 for the design parameters for specific installed elements, and refer to Section 4.1.4.2 for a table to determine the applicable design bond strength or pullout strength.

4.1.1 General: The design strength of anchors under the 2021 IBC, as well as the 2021 IRC, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-19 and this report. The design strength of anchors under the 2018 and 2015 IBC and 2018 and 2015 IRC must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 and this report. The design strength of anchors under the 2012 IBC, as well as the 2012 IRC must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 and this report. The design strength of anchors under the 2012 IBC, as well as the 2012 IRC must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 and this report.

Design parameters are based on ACI 318-19 for use with the 2021 IBC, ACI 318-14 for use with the 2018 and 2015 IBC, and ACI 318-11 for use with the 2012 IBC unless noted otherwise in Sections 4.1.1 through 4.1.11 of this report.

The strength design of anchors must comply with ACI 318-19 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-14 17.3.1 or ACI 318-11 D.4.1 as applicable, except as required in ACI 318-19 17.10 or ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.3.3, as applicable.

Design parameters are provided in Table 7 through Table 29. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as given in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC or Section

1605.2 of the 2018, 2015 and 2012 IBC or ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as given in ACI 318-11 D.4.4 must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix C.

4.1.2 Static Steel Strength in Tension: The nominal static steel strength of a single anchor in tension, N_{sa} , in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.1.2 or ACI 318-11 Section D.5.1.2, as applicable and the associated strength reduction factors, ϕ , in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.4.3, as applicable, are provided in the tables outlined in Table 1 for the anchor element types included in this report.

4.1.3 Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension: The nominal concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in tension, N_{cb} or N_{cbg} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2, as applicable, with the following addition:

The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in tension, N_b , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.2, as applicable using the values of $k_{c,cr}$, and $k_{c,uncr}$ as described in this report. Where analysis indicates no cracking in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.6, as applicable, N_b must be calculated using $k_{c,uncr}$ and $\Psi_{c,N} = 1.0$. See Table 1. For anchors in lightweight concrete, see ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.3.6, as applicable. The value of f'_c used for calculation must be limited to 8,000 psi (55 MPa) in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.3.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.7 or ACI 318-11 D.3.7, as applicable. Additional information for the determination of nominal bond strength in tension is given in Section 4.1.4 of this report.

4.1.4 Static Bond Strength/Static Pullout Strength in Tension:

4.1.4.1 Static Pullout Strength In Tension: Hilti HIT-Z and HIT-Z-R Anchor Rods: The nominal static pullout strength of a single anchor in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.3.1 and 17.6.3.2.1, ACI 318-14 17.4.3.1 and 17.4.3.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.3.1 and D.5.3.2, as applicable, in cracked and uncracked concrete, $N_{p,cr}$ and $N_{p,uncr}$, respectively, is given in Table 10. For all design cases $\Psi_{c,P} = 1.0$.

Pullout strength values are a function of the concrete compressive strength, whether the concrete is cracked or uncracked, the drilling method (hammer drill, including Hilti hollow drill bit, diamond core drill) and installation conditions (dry or water-saturated). The resulting characteristic pullout strength must be multiplied by the associated strength reduction factor ϕ_{nn} as follows:

HILTI HIT-Z AND HIT-Z-R THREADED RODS						
DRILLING METHOD	CONCRETE TYPE	PERMISSIBLE INSTALLATION CONDITIONS		ASSOCIATED STRENGTH REDUCTION FACTOR		
Hammer- drill	Uncracked	Dry	N _{p,uncr}	$\phi_{ m d}$		
(or Hilti TE- CD or TE-	onoraciced	Water saturated	N _{p,uncr}	Øws		
YD Hollow Drill Bit) or		Dry	N _{p,cr}	$\phi_{ m d}$		
Diamond Core Bit	Cracked	Water saturated	N _{p,cr}	Øws		

Section 4.1.4.2 of this report presents a pullout strength design selection table. Strength reduction factors for determination of the bond strength are given in the tables referenced in Table 1 of this report.

4.1.4.2 Static Bond Strength in Tension: Threaded Rod, Steel Reinforcing Bars, and Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN Inserts: The nominal static bond strength of a single adhesive anchor or group of adhesive anchors in tension, N_a or N_{ag} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.5 or ACI 318-11 D.5.5, as applicable. Bond strength values are a function of the concrete compressive strength, whether the concrete is cracked or uncracked, the concrete temperature range, and the installation conditions (dry or water-saturated concrete). The resulting characteristic bond strength shall be multiplied by the associated strength reduction factor ϕ_{nn} as follows:

DRILLING METHOD	CONCRETE TYPE	PERMISSIBLE INSTALLATION CONDITIONS	BOND STRENGTH	ASSOCIATED STRENGTH REDUCTION FACTOR
Hammer- drill	Uncracked	Dry	$ au_{k,uncr}$	ϕ_{d}
(or Hilti TE- CD or TE- YD Hollow	Unclacked	Water saturated	$\mathcal{T}_{k,uncr}$	Øws
Drill Bit) or Diamond Core Bit	Cracked	Dry	Tk,cr	$\phi_{ m d}$
with Hilti TE-YRT roughening tool		Water saturated	Tk,cr	Øws
Hammer- drill	Uncracked		Tk,uncr	Øwf
(or Hilti TE- CD or TE- YD Hollow Drill Bit)	Cracked	Water-filled	Tk,cr	Øwf

Strength reduction factors for determination of the bond strength are outlined in Table 1 of this report. Adjustments to the bond strength may also be made for increased concrete compressive strength as noted in the footnotes to the bond strength tables. For anchors in lightweight concrete see ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6, or ACI 318-11 D.3.6, as applicable.

4.1.5 Static Steel Strength in Shear: The nominal static strength of a single anchor in shear as governed by the steel, V_{sa} , in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.1.2, as applicable and strength reduction factors, ϕ , in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are given in the tables outlined in Table 1 for the anchor element types included in this report.

4.1.6 Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear: The nominal static concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cb} or V_{cbg}, must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2, as applicable, based on information given in the tables outlined in Table 1. The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in shear, V_{b} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2.2, as applicable, using the values of d given in the tables as outlined in Table 1 for the corresponding anchor steel in lieu of d_a (2021, 2018, 2015, and 2012 IBC). In addition, hef must be substituted for ℓ_e . In no case must ℓ_e exceed 8d. The value of fc must be limited to a maximum of 8,000 psi (55 MPa) in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.3.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.7 or ACI 318-11 D.3.7, as applicable.

4.1.7 Static Concrete Pryout Strength in Shear: The nominal static pryout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cp} or V_{cpg} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.3, ACI 318-14 17.5.3 or ACI 318-11 D.6.3, as applicable.

4.1.8 Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces: For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.8, ACI 318-14 17.6 or ACI 318-11 D.7, as applicable.

4.1.9 Minimum Member Thickness, *hmin*, Anchor Spacing, *smin* and Edge Distance, *cmin*:

4.1.9.1 Hilti HIT-Z and HIT-Z-R Anchor Rods: In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.2, ACI 318-14 17.7.1 and 17.7.3 or ACI 318-11 D.8.1 and D.8.3, as applicable, values of s_{min} and c_{min} described in Table 9 of this report must be observed for anchor design and installation. The minimum member thicknesses, h_{min} , given in Table 9 of this report must be observed for anchor design and installation.

4.1.9.2 Threaded Rod, Steel Reinforcing Bars, and Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN Inserts: In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.2, ACI 318-14 17.7.1 and 17.7.3 or ACI 318-11 D.8.1 and D.8.3, as applicable, values of c_{min} and s_{min} described in this report must be observed for anchor design and installation. Likewise, in lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.4, ACI 318-14 17.7.5 or ACI 318-11 D.8.5, as applicable, the minimum member thicknesses, h_{min} , described in this report must be observed for anchor design and installation. For adhesive anchors that will remain untorqued, ACI 318-19 17.9.3, ACI 318-14 17.7.4 or ACI 318-11 D.8.4, as applicable, applies.

For edge distances c_{ai} and anchor spacing s_{ai} , the maximum torque T_{max} shall comply with the following requirements:

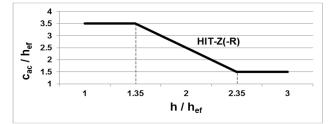
REDUCED MAXIMUM INSTALLATION TORQUE $T_{max,red}$ FOR EDGE DISTANCES $c_{ai} < (5 \times d_a)$					
EDGE DISTANCE, c_{ai} MINIMUM ANCHOR SPACING, s_{ai} MAXIMUM TORQUE $T_{max,red}$					
1.75 in. (45 mm) ≤ <i>c_{ai}</i>	5 x <i>d</i> a ≤ sai < 16 in.	0.3 x <i>T_{max}</i>			
<`5 x da	<i>s_{ai}</i> ≥ 16 in. (406 mm)	0.5 x T _{max}			

4.1.10 Critical Edge Distance c_{ac} and $\psi_{cp,Na}$:

4.1.10.1 Hilti HIT-Z and HIT-Z-R Anchor Rods: In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.5, ACI 318-14 17.7.6 or ACI 318-11 D.8.6, as applicable, for the calculation of N_{cb} and N_{cbg} in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.6.1, ACI 318-14 17.4.2.7 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.7, as applicable and Section 4.1.3 of this report, the critical edge distance, c_{ac} , must be determined as follows:

- *i.* $c_{ac} = 1.5.h_{ef}$ for $h/h_{ef} \ge 2.35$
- *ii.* $c_{ac} = 3.5.h_{ef}$ for $h/h_{ef} \le 1.35$

For definitions of *h* and *h*_{ef}, see Figure 1.



Linear interpolation is permitted to determine the ratio of c_{ac}/h_{ef} for values of h/h_{ef} between 2.35 and 1.35 as illustrated in the graph above.

4.1.10.2 Threaded Rod, Steel Reinforcing Bars, and Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN Inserts: The modification factor $\psi_{cp,Na}$, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.5.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.5.5 or ACI 318-11 D.5.5.5, as applicable, except as noted below:

For all cases where c_{Na}/c_{ac} <1.0, $\psi_{cp,Na}$ determined from ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.5.5.1b, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.5.5b or

ACI 318-11 Eq. D-27, as applicable, need not be taken less than c_{Na}/c_{ac} . For all other cases, $\psi_{cp,Na}$ shall be taken as 1.0.

The critical edge distance, c_{ac} must be calculated according Eq. 17.6.5.5.1c for ACI 318-19, to Eq. 17.4.5.5c for ACI 318-14 or Eq. D-27a for ACI 318-11, in lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.5, ACI 318-14 17.7.6 or ACI 318-11 D.8.6, as applicable.

$$c_{ac} = h_{ef} \cdot \left(\frac{\tau_{k, uncr}}{1160}\right)^{0.4} \cdot \left[3.1 - 0.7 \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right]$$

(Eq. 17.6.5.5.1c for ACI 318-19, Eq. 17.4.5.5c for ACI 318-14 or Eq. D-27a for ACI 318-11)

where

 $\left[\frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right]$ need not be taken as larger than 2.4; and

 $\pi_{k,uncr}$ is the characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete, *h* is the member thickness, and h_{ef} is the embedment depth.

 $\tau_{k,uncr}$ need not be taken as greater than:

4.1.11 Design Strength in Seismic Design Categories C, D, E and F: In structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, anchors must be designed in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.10, ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.3.3, as applicable, except as described below:

Modifications to ACI 318-19 17.10 and ACI 318-14 17.2.3 shall be applied under Section 1905.1.8 of the 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC, as applicable. For the 2012 IBC, Section 19.5.1.9 shall be omitted. The nominal steel shear strength, V_{sa} , must be adjusted by $\alpha_{V,seis}$ as given in the tables summarized in Table 1 for the anchor element types included in this report. For tension, the nominal pullout strength $N_{p,cr}$ or bond strength τ_{cr} must be adjusted by $\alpha_{N,seis}$. See Tables 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 25, 26 and 29.

As an exception to ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.2:

Anchors designed to resist wall out-of-plane forces with design strengths equal to or greater than the force determined in accordance with ASCE 7 Equation 12.11-1 or 12.14-10 shall be deemed to satisfy ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.3(d). Under ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.3(d), in lieu of requiring the anchor design tensile strength to satisfy the tensile strength requirements of ACI 318-11 D.4.1.1, the anchor design tensile strength shall be calculated from ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.4.

The following exceptions apply to ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.2:

1. For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching wood sill plates of bearing or non-bearing walls of light-frame wood structures to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3 need not be computed and ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:

1.1. The allowable in-plane shear strength of the anchor is determined in accordance with AF&PA NDS Table 11E for lateral design values parallel to grain.

1.2. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is $^{5}/_{8}$ inch (16 mm).

1.3. Anchor bolts are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).

1.4. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of $1^{3}/_{4}$ inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the wood sill plate.

1.5. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the wood sill plate.

1.6. The sill plate is 2-inch or 3-inch nominal thickness.

2. For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching cold-formed steel track of bearing or non-bearing walls of light-frame construction to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3, need not be computed and ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:

2.1. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is $^{5}\!/_{8}$ inch (16 mm).

2.2. Anchors are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).

2.3. Anchors are located a minimum of $1^{3}/_{4}$ inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the track.

2.4. Anchors are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the track.

2.5. The track is 33 to 68 mil designation thickness.

Allowable in-plane shear strength of exempt anchors, parallel to the edge of concrete shall be permitted to be determined in accordance with AISI S100 Section E3.3.1.

3. In light-frame construction, bearing or nonbearing walls, shear strength of concrete anchors less than or equal to 1 inch [25 mm] in diameter attaching a sill plate or track to foundation or foundation stem wall need not satisfy ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3(a) through (c) when the design strength of the anchors is determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2.1(c).

4.2 Strength Design of Post-Installed Reinforcing Bars:

4.2.1 General: The design of straight post-installed deformed reinforcing bars must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 rules for cast-in place reinforcing bar development and splices and this report.

Examples of typical applications for the use of post-installed reinforcing bars are illustrated in Figure 3 of this report.

4.2.2 Determination of bar development length I_d : Values of I_d must be determined in accordance with the ACI 318 development and splice length requirements for straight cast-in place reinforcing bars.

Exceptions:

1. For uncoated and zinc-coated (galvanized) post-installed reinforcing bars, the factor Ψ_e shall be taken as 1.0. For all other cases, the requirements in ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5, ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 or ACI 318-11 Section 12.2.4 (b) shall apply.

2. When using alternate methods to calculate the development length (e.g., anchor theory), the applicable factors for post-installed anchors generally apply.

4.2.3 Minimum Member Thickness, h_{min} , **Minimum Concrete Cover,** $c_{c,min}$, **Minimum Concrete Edge Distance,** $c_{b,min}$, **Minimum Spacing,** $s_{b,min}$,: For post-installed reinforcing bars, there is no limit on the minimum member thickness. In general, all requirements on concrete cover and spacing applicable to straight cast-in bars designed in accordance with ACI 318 shall be maintained.

For post-installed reinforcing bars installed at embedment depths, h_{ef} , larger than 20d (h_{ef} > 20d), the minimum concrete cover shall be as follows:

REBAR SIZE	MINIMUM CONCRETE COVER, c _{c,min}
$d_b \leq No. 6 (16mm)$	1 ³ / ₁₆ in.(30mm)
No. $6 < d_b \le No. 10$	1 ⁹ / ₁₆ in.
(16mm < d₅ ≤ 32mm)	(40mm)

The following requirements apply for minimum concrete edge and spacing for $h_{ef} > 20d$:

Required minimum edge distance for post-installed reinforcing bars (measured from the center of the bar):

 $C_{b,min} = d_0/2 + C_{c,min}$

Required minimum center-to-center spacing between post-installed bars:

 $S_{b,min} = d_0 + C_{c,min}$

Required minimum center-to-center spacing from existing (parallel) reinforcing:

 $s_{b,min} = d_b/2$ (existing reinforcing) + $d_0/2$ + $c_{c,min}$

4.2.4 Design Strength in Seismic Design Categories C, D, E and F: In structures assigned to Seismic Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, design of straight post-installed reinforcing bars must take into account the provisions of ACI 318-19 or ACI 318-14 Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21, as applicable.

4.3 Installation:

Installation parameters are illustrated in Figure 1. Installation must be in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.7.2, ACI 318-14 17.8.1 and 17.8.2 or ACI 318-11 D.9.1 and D.9.2, as applicable. Anchor and post-installed reinforcing bar locations must comply with this report and the plans and specifications approved by the code official. Installation of the Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive Anchor and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar Systems must conform to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII) included in each unit package as provided in Figure 6 of this report. The MPII contains additional requirements for combinations of drill hole depth, diameter, drill bit type, and dispensing tools.

4.4 Special Inspection:

Periodic special inspection must be performed where required in accordance with Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2021, 2018, 2015 and 2012 IBC, and this report. The special inspector must be on the jobsite initially during anchor or post-installed reinforcing bar installation to verify anchor or post-installed reinforcing bar type and dimensions, concrete type, concrete compressive strength, adhesive identification and expiration date, hole dimensions, hole cleaning procedures, spacing, edge distances, concrete thickness, anchor or post-installed reinforcing bar embedment, tightening torque and adherence to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions.

The special inspector must verify the initial installations of each type and size of adhesive anchor or post-installed reinforcing bar by construction personnel on site. Subsequent installations of the same anchor or post-installed reinforcing bar type and size by the same construction personnel are permitted to be performed in the absence of the special inspector. Any change in the anchor or post-installed reinforcing bar product being installed or the personnel performing the installation requires an initial inspection. For ongoing installations over an extended period, the special inspector must make regular inspections to confirm correct handling and installation of the product. Continuous special inspection of adhesive anchors or post-installed reinforcing bar installed in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads shall be performed in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.13.3.2e and 26.7.1(j), ACI 318-14 17.8.2.4, 26.7.1(h), and 26.13.3.2(c) or ACI 318-11 D.9.2.4, as applicable.

Under the IBC, additional requirements as set forth in Sections 1705, 1706, and 1707 must be observed, where applicable.

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive Anchor System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System described in this report complies with, or is a suitable alternative to what is specified in, the codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

- **5.1** Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive anchors and postinstalled reinforcing bars must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII) as included in the adhesive packaging and provided in Figure 6 of this report.
- **5.2** The anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars must be installed in cracked and uncracked normal-weight or lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).
- **5.3** The values of f_c used for calculation purposes must not exceed 8,000 psi (55.1 MPa) except as noted in Sections 4.2.2 and 4.2.4 of this report.
- **5.4** The concrete shall have attained its minimum design strength prior to installation of the adhesive anchors.
- **5.5** Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars must be installed in concrete base materials in holes predrilled in accordance with the instructions in Figure 6, using carbide-tipped masonry drill bits manufactured with the range of maximum and minimum drill-tip dimensions specified in ANSI B212.15-1994. The Hilti HIT-Z(-R) anchor rods may be installed in holes predrilled using diamond core drill bits. Threaded rods, reinforcing bars, and the Hilti HIS-(R)N inserts may be installed in holes predrilled using diamond core bits and roughened with the Hilti TE-YRT roughening tool as detailed in Figure 6.
- **5.6** Loads applied to the anchors must be adjusted in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC or Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015 and 2012 IBC for strength design and in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC or Section 1605.3 of the 2018, 2015, and 2012 IBC for allowable stress design.
- **5.7** Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 adhesive anchors and postinstalled reinforcing bars are recognized for use to resist short- and long-term loads, including wind and earthquake, subject to the conditions of this report.
- 5.8 In structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, anchor strength must be adjusted in accordance in accordance with Section 4.1.11 of this report, and post-installed reinforcing bars must comply with section 4.2.4 of this report.
- **5.9** Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 adhesive anchors and postinstalled reinforcing bars are permitted to be installed in concrete that is cracked or that may be expected to crack during the service life of the anchor, subject to the conditions of this report.
- **5.10** Anchor strength design values must be established in accordance with Section 4.1 of this report.

- **5.11** Post-installed reinforcing bar development and splice length is established in accordance with Section 4.2 of this report.
- **5.12** Minimum anchor spacing and edge distance as well as minimum member thickness must comply with the values noted in this report.
- **5.13** Post-installed reinforcing bar spacing, minimum member thickness, and cover distance must be in accordance with the provisions of ACI 318 for cast-in place bars and section 4.2.3 of this report.
- **5.14** Prior to anchor installation, calculations and details demonstrating compliance with this report must be submitted to the code official. The calculations and details must be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.
- 5.15 Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are not permitted to support fire-resistive construction. Where not otherwise prohibited by the code, Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 adhesive anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are permitted for installation in fire-resistive construction provided that at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:
 - Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are used to resist wind or seismic forces only.
 - Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars that support gravity load-bearing structural elements are within a fire-resistive envelope or a fire-resistive membrane, are protected by approved fire-resistive materials, or have been evaluated for resistance to fire exposure in accordance with recognized standards.
 - Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are used to support nonstructural elements.
- **5.16** Since an ICC-ES acceptance criteria for evaluating data to determine the performance of adhesive anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars subjected to fatigue or shock loading is unavailable at this time, the use of these anchors under such conditions is beyond the scope of this report.
- **5.17** Use of zinc-plated carbon steel threaded rods or steel reinforcing bars is limited to dry, interior locations.
- **5.18** Use of hot-dipped galvanized carbon steel and stainless steel rods is permitted for exterior exposure or damp environments.
- 5.19 Steel anchoring materials in contact with preservative-treated and fire-retardant-treated wood must be of zinc-coated carbon steel or stainless steel. The minimum coating weights for zinc-coated steel must comply with ASTM A153.
- **5.20** Periodic special inspection must be provided in accordance with Section 4.4 of this report. Continuous special inspection for anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars installed in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads must be provided in accordance with Section 4.4 of this report.
- 5.21 Installation of anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads shall be performed by personnel certified by an applicable certification program in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.7.2(e), ACI 318-14 17.8.2.2 or 17.8.2.3, or ACI 318-11 D.9.2.2 or D.9.2.3, as applicable.

- 5.22 Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 adhesive anchors and postinstalled reinforcing bars may be used to resist tension and shear forces in floor, wall, and overhead installations only if installation is into concrete with a temperature between 14°F and 104°F (-10°C and 40°C) for threaded rods, rebar, and Hilti HIS-(R)N inserts, or between 41°F and 104°F (5°C and 40°C) for Hilti HIT-Z(-R) anchor rods. (For post-installed reinforcing bars with embedment depth greater than 20d refer to additional temperature limitations in the MPII as provided in Figure 6 of this report). Overhead installations for hole diameters larger than 7/16-inch or 10mm require the use of piston plugs (HIT-SZ, -IP) during injection to the back of the hole. 7/16-inch diameter holes may be injected directly to the back of the hole with the use of extension tubing on the end of the nozzle. The anchor or post-installed reinforcing bars must be supported until fully cured (i.e., with Hilti HIT-OHW wedges, or other suitable means). Where temporary restraint devices are used, their use shall not result in impairment of the anchor shear resistance. Installations in concrete temperatures below 32°F require the adhesive to be conditioned to a minimum temperature of 32°F.
- **5.23** Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars when installed at temperatures below 40°F shall not be used for applications where the concrete temperature can rise from 40°F or less to 80°F or higher within a 12-hour period. Such applications may include, but are not limited to, anchorage of building façade systems and other applications subject to direct sun exposure.
- **5.24** Hilti HIT-HY 200-A V3 and Hilti HIT-HY 200-R V3 adhesives are manufactured by Hilti GmbH, Kaufering, Germany, under a quality control program with inspections by ICC-ES.
- **5.25** Hilti HIT-Z and HIT-Z-R rods are manufactured by Hilti AG, Schaan, Liechtenstein, under a quality-control program with inspections by ICC-ES.
- **5.26** Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN inserts are manufactured by Hilti (China) Ltd., Guangdong, China, under a quality-control program with inspections by ICC-ES.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Post-installed Adhesive Anchors in Concrete Elements (AC308), dated June 2019, editorially revised February 2021, which incorporates requirements in ACI 355.4-11 and ACI 355.4-19, and Table 3.8 for evaluating post-installed reinforcing bars.

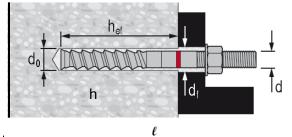
7.0 IDENTIFICATION

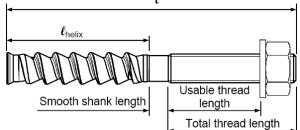
- 7.1 Product labeling shall include, the name of the report holder or listee, and the ICC-ES mark of conformity. The listing or evaluation report number (ICC-ES ESR-4868) may be used in lieu of the mark of conformity. Hilti HIT-HY 200 A V3 and Hilti HIT HY 200 R V3 adhesive is identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (Hilti Corp.) and address, product name, lot number, expiration date, and evaluation report number (ESR-4868).
- **7.2** Hilti HIT-Z and HIT-Z-R rods are identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (Hilti Corp.) and address, anchor name, and evaluation report number (ESR-4868).
- **7.3** Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN inserts are identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (Hilti Corp.) and address, anchor name and size, and evaluation report number (ESR-4868).
- **7.4** Threaded rods, nuts, washers, bolts, cap screws, and deformed reinforcing bars are standard elements and must conform to applicable national or international specifications.
- 7.5 The report holder's contact information is the following:

HILTI, INC. 7250 DALLAS PARKWAY, SUITE 1000 PLANO, TEXAS 75024 (800) 879-8000 <u>www.hilti.com</u> <u>HiltiTechEng@us.hilti.com</u>



HILTI HIT-Z AND HIT-Z-R ANCHOR ROD





FRACTIONAL HIT-Z AND HIT-Z-R ANCHOR ROD

	Ø d₀ [inch]	h _{ef} [inch]	T _{inst} ∣	[ft-lb]	T _{inst}	[Nm]
Ø d [inch]	lincul		HIT-Z	HIT-Z-R	HIT-Z	HIT-Z-R
3/8	7/16	2 ³ /84 ¹ /2	15	30	20	40
1/2	⁹ /16	2 ³ /4 6	30	65	40	90
5/8	3/4	3 ³ /4 7 ¹ /2	60	125	80	170
3/4	7/8	4 8 ¹ /2	110	165	150	220

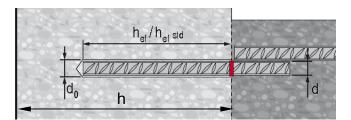
METRIC HIT-Z AND HIT-Z-R ANCHOR ROD

000000	${\sf O}$ d $_{\rm 0}$	h _{nom}	T _{inst}	[Nm]
Ø d [mm]	[mm]	[mm]		HIT-Z-R
M10	12	60120	25	55
M12	14	70144	40	75
M16	18	96192	80	155
M20	22	100220	150	215

Name and Size		<i>t</i> r Length		elix _ength		n Shank ngth	Total Thre	ad Length		Thread ngth
	in	(mm)	in	(mm)	in	(mm)	In	(mm)	in	(mm)
HIT-Z(-R) ³ / ₈ "x3 ³ / ₈ "	3 ³ / ₈	(85)	2 ¹ / ₄	(57)	³ / ₈	(6)	¹³ / ₁₆	(21)	⁵ / ₁₆	(8)
HIT-Z(-R) ³ / ₈ " x 4 ³ / ₈ "	4 ³ / ₈	(111)	2 ¹ / ₄	(57)	⁵ / ₁₆	(8)	1 ¹³ / ₁₆	(46)	1 ⁵ / ₁₆	(33)
HIT-Z(-R) ³ / ₈ " x 5 ¹ / ₈ "	5 ¹ / ₈	(130)	2 ¹ / ₄	(57)	⁵ / ₁₆	(8)	2 ⁹ / ₁₆	(65)	2 ¹ / ₁₆	(52)
HIT-Z(-R) ³ / ₈ " x 6 ³ / ₈ "	6 ³ / ₈	(162)	2 ¹ / ₄	(57)	⁵ / ₁₆	(8)	3 ¹³ / ₁₆	(97)	3 ⁵ / ₁₆	(84)
HIT-Z(-R) ¹ / ₂ " x 4 ¹ / ₂ "	4 ¹ / ₂	(114)	2 ¹ / ₂	(63)	⁵ / ₁₆	(8)	1 ¹¹ / ₁₆	(43)	1	(26)
HIT-Z(-R) ¹ / ₂ " x 6 ¹ / ₂ "	6 ¹ / ₂	(165)	2 ¹ / ₂	(63)	⁵ / ₁₆	(8)	3 ¹¹ / ₁₆	(94)	3 ¹ / ₁₆	(77)
HIT-Z(-R) ¹ / ₂ " x 7 ³ / ₄ "	7 ³ / ₄	(197)	2 ¹ / ₂	(63)	⁵ / ₁₆	(8)	4 ¹⁵ / ₁₆	(126)	4 ⁵ / ₁₆	(109)
HIT-Z(-R) ⁵ / ₈ " x 6"	6	(152)	3 ⁵ / ₈	(92)	⁷ / ₁₆	(11)	1 ¹⁵ / ₁₆	(49)	1 ¹ / ₈	(28)
HIT-Z(-R) ⁵ / ₈ " x 8"	8	(203)	3 ⁵ / ₈	(92)	⁷ / ₁₆	(11)	3 ¹⁵ / ₁₆	(100)	3 ¹ / ₈	(79)
HIT-Z(-R) ⁵ / ₈ " x 9 ¹ / ₂ "	9 ¹ / ₂	(241)	3 ⁵ / ₈	(92)	1 ¹⁵ / ₁₆	(49)	3 ¹⁵ / ₁₆	(100)	3 ¹ / ₈	(79)
HIT-Z(-R) ¾"x 6½"	6½"	(165)	4	(102)	⁵ / ₁₆	(8)	2	(51)	1	(26)
HIT-Z(-R) ³ / ₄ " x 8 ¹ / ₂ "	8 ¹ / ₂	(216)	4	(102)	⁷ / ₁₆	(12)	4	(102)	3 ¹ / ₁₆	(77)
HIT-Z(-R) ³ / ₄ " x 9 ³ / ₄ "	9 ³ / ₄	(248)	4	(102)	1 ¹¹ / ₁₆	(44)	4	(102)	3 ¹ / ₁₆	(77)
HIT-Z(-R) M10x95	33/4	(95)	1 ¹⁵ / ₁₆	(50)	¹¹ / ₁₆	(18)	1 ¹ / ₈	(27)	⁹ / ₁₆	(14)
HIT-Z(-R) M10x115	4 ¹ / ₂	(115)	1 ¹⁵ / ₁₆	(50)	¹¹ / ₁₆	(18)	1 ⁷ / ₈	(47)	1 ⁵ / ₁₆	(34)
HIT-Z(-R) M10x135	5 ⁵ / ₁₆	(135)	1 ¹⁵ / ₁₆	(50)	¹¹ / ₁₆	(18)	2 ⁵ / ₈	(67)	2 ¹ / ₈	(54)
HIT-Z(-R) M10x160	6 ⁵ / ₁₆	(160)	1 ¹⁵ / ₁₆	(50)	¹¹ / ₁₆	(18)	3 ⁵ / ₈	(92)	3 ¹ / ₈	(79)
HIT-Z(-R) M12x105	4 ¹ / ₈	(105)	2 ³ / ₈	(60)	⁵ / ₁₆	(8)	1 ¹ / ₂	(37)	¹³ / ₁₆	(21)
HIT-Z(-R) M12x140	5 ¹ / ₂	(140)	2 ³ / ₈	(60)	⁵ / ₁₆	(8)	2 ⁷ / ₈	(72)	2 ³ / ₁₆	(56)
HIT-Z(-R) M12x155	6 ¹ / ₈	(155)	2 ³ / ₈	(60)	⁵ / ₁₆	(8)	3 ³ / ₈	(87)	2 ¹³ / ₁₆	(71)
HIT-Z(-R) M12x196	7 ³ / ₄	(196)	2 ³ / ₈	(60)	⁵ / ₁₆	(8)	5	(128)	4 ⁷ / ₁₆	(112)
HIT-Z(-R) M16x155	6 ¹ / ₈	(155)	3 ¹¹ / ₁₆	(93)	⁷ / ₁₆	(11)	2	(51)	1 ³ / ₁₆	(30)
HIT-Z(-R) M16x175	6 ⁷ / ₈	(175)	3 ¹¹ / ₁₆	(93)	⁷ / ₁₆	(11)	2 ¹³ / ₁₆	(71)	1 ¹⁵ / ₁₆	(50)
HIT-Z(-R) M16x205	8 ¹ / ₁₆	(205)	3 ¹¹ / ₁₆	(93)	⁷ / ₁₆	(11)	4	(101)	3 ¹ / ₈	(80)
HIT-Z(-R) M16x240	9 ⁷ / ₁₆	(240)	3 ¹¹ / ₁₆	(93)	1 ¹ / ₄	(32)	4 ¹ / ₂	(115)	3 ¹¹ / ₁₆	(94)
HIT-Z(-R) M20x215	8 ¹ / ₂	(215)	3 ¹⁵ / ₁₆	(100)	¹ / ₂	(13)	4	(102)	3 ¹ / ₁₆	(78)
HIT-Z(-R) M20x250	9 ¹³ / ₁₆	(250)	3 ¹⁵ / ₁₆	(100)	1 ⁷ / ₈	(48)	4	(102)	3 ¹ / ₁₆	(78)

FIGURE 1—INSTALLATION PARAMETERS FOR POST-INSTALLED ADHESIVE ANCHORS

DEFORMED REINFORCMENT

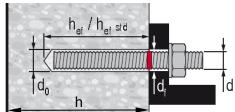


US REBAR					
	Ød₀	h _{ef} std	h _{ef}		
d	[inch]	[inch]	[inch]		
#3	1/2	3 3/8	23/871/2		
#4	5/8	4 1/2	23/410		
#5	3/4	5 5/8	31/8121/2		
#6	7/8	6 3/4	31/215		
#7	1	7 7/8	31/2171/2		
#8	1 1/8	9	420		
#9	1 3/8	101/8	41/2221/2		
# 10	1 1/2	111/4	525		

CANADIAN REBAR				
ערערענענע d	Ød₀ [inch]	h _{ef std} [mm]	h _{ei} [mm]	
10 M	⁹ /16	115	70226	
15 M	3/4	145	80320	
20 M	1	200	90390	
25 M	1 1/4	230	101504	
30 M	1 1/2	260	120598	

EUROPEAN REBAR					
Ø d [mm]	Ød₀[mm]	h _{ef} std [mm]	h _{ef} [mm]		
10	14	90	60200		
12	16	110	70240		
14	18	125	75280		
16	20	125	80320		
20	25	170	90400		
25	32	210	100500		
28	35	270	112560		
32	40	300	128640		

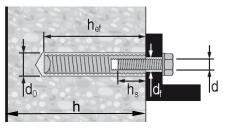




	FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD						
Ø d [inch]	Ød₀ [inch]	h _{ef std} [inch]	h _{el} [inch]	T _{max} [ft-lb]	T _{max} [Nm]		
3/8	7/16	33/8	23/871/2	15	20		
1/2	9/16	41/2	23/410	30	41		
5/8	3/4	5 5/8	31/8121/2	60	81		
3/4	7/8	6 3/4	31/215	100	136		
7/8	1	7 7/8	31/2171/2	125	169		
1	1 1/8	9	420	150	203		
1 1⁄4	1 ³ ⁄8	111/4	525	200	271		

	METRIC THREADED ROD						
Ø d [mm]	Ød₀[mm]	h _{ef std} (mm)	h _{ef} (mm)	T _{max} [Nm]			
M10	12	90	60200	20			
M12	14	110	70240	40			
M16	18	125	80320	80			
M20	22	170	90400	150			
M24	28	210	96480	200			
M27	30	240	108540	270			
M30	35	270	120600	300			

HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN THREADED INSERTS



FRA	CTIONAL H	HILTI HIS-N	I AND HIS-	RN THREA	DED INSE	RTS
Ø d [inch]	Ød₀ [inch]	h _{ei} [inch]	Ød _i [inch]	h _s [inch]	T _{max} [ft-lb]	T _{max} [Nm]
3/8	11/16	4 3/8	7/16	3/815/16	15	20
1/2	7/8	5	⁹ /16	1/21 3/16	30	41
5/8	1 1/8	6 3/4	11/16	5/811/2	60	81
3/4	1 1/4	81/8	¹³ /16	3/417/8	100	136

ME	TRIC HILTI H	IIS-N AND H	IS-RN THRE	ADED INSER	TS
) Ø d [mm]	Ø d₀ [mm]	h _{ef} (mm)	Ød _i [mm]	h _s (mm)	T _{max} [Nm]
M8	14	90	9	820	10
M10	18	110	12	1025	20
M12	22	125	14	1230	40
M16	28	170	18	1640	80
M20	32	205	22	2050	150

FIGURE 1—INSTALLATION PARAMETERS FOR POST INSTALLED ADHESIVE ANCHORS (Continued)

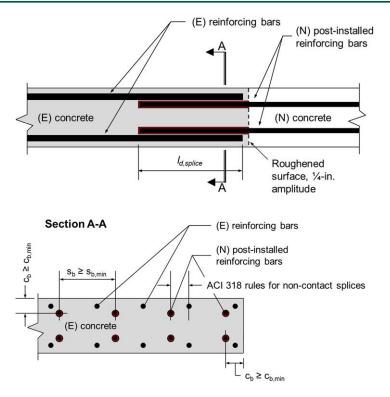


FIGURE 2—INSTALLATION PARAMATERS FOR POST-INSTALLED REINFORCING BARS

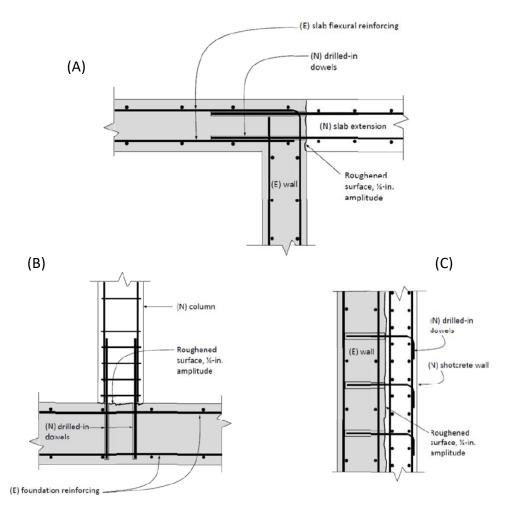


FIGURE 3—APPLICATION EXAMPLES FOR POST-INSTALLED REINFORCING BARS: (A) TENSION LAP SPLICE WITH EXISTING FLEXURAL REINFORCEMENT; (B) TENSION DEVELOPMENT OF COLUMN DOWELS; (C) DEVELOPMENT OF SHEAR DOWELS FOR NEWLY THICKENED SHEAR WALL

Desim	T -11-		Fractiona	al		Metric		
Desigr		Table	•	Page	Table	•	Page	
Hilti HIT-Z and HIT-Z-R Anchor Rod	Steel Strength - Nsa, Vsa	7		14	7		14	
	Concrete Breakout - N _{cb} , N _{cbg} , V _{cb} , V _{cbg} , V _{cp} , V _{cpg}	8		15	8		15	
E.	Pullout Strength – N_{ρ}	10		19	10		19	
					•	•		
Standard Threaded Rod	Steel Strength - Nsa, Vsa	11	20		17		27	
	Concrete Breakout - N_{cb} , N_{cbg} , V_{cb} , V_{cbg} , V_{cpg}	12		22	18		28	
	Bond Strength - Na, Nag	15 & 1	6 2	25 & 26	21 & 2	2 3	81 & 32	
Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN Internally Threaded Insert	Steel Strength - N _{sa} , V _{sa}	27		36	27		36	
	Concrete Breakout - N _{cb} , N _{cbg} , V _{cb} , V _{cbg} , V _{cp} , V _{cpg}	28		37	28		37	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Bond Strength - Na, Nag	29		38	29		38	
		Fract	ional	EU M	lotric	Can	adian	
Design	Table	Table		Table		Table	1	
		rable	Page	Table	Page	Table	Page	

		Table	Page	Table	Page	lable	Page
Steel Reinforcing Bars	Steel Strength – N _{sa} , V _{sa}	11A	21	17	27	23	33
	Concrete Breakout – N _{cb} , N _{cbg} , V _{cb} , V _{cbg} , V _{cp} , V _{cpg}	12	22	18	28	24	33
	Bond Strength – Na, Nag	13 & 14	23& 24	19 & 20	29 & 30	25 & 26	34 & 35
	Determination of development length for post-installed reinforcing bar connections		39	31	40	32	40

TABLE 2—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HIT-Z AND HIT-Z RODS

HIT-2	Z AND HIT-Z-R ROD SPECIFICATIO		Minimum specified ultimate strength, f _{uta}	Minimum specified yield strength 0.2 percent offset, f _{ya}	f _{uta} /f _{ya}	Elongation, min. percent	Reduction of Area, min. percent	Specification for nuts ²
Ц	³ / ₈ -in. to ⁵ / ₈ -in. and M10 to M12 - AISI 1038	psi	94,200	75,300				
STEEL	³ / ₄ -in AISI 1038 or 18MnV5	(MPa)	(650)	(520)				
	M16 - AISI 1038	psi	88,400	71,000	1.25	8	20	ASTM A563
2BO	MI10 - AISI 1030	(MPa)	(610)	(490)				Grade A
CARBON	M20 - AISI 1038 or 18MnV5	psi	86,200	69,600				
	M20 - AISI 1038 01 18MITV5	(MPa)	(595)	(480)				
	³ / ₈ -in. to ³ / ₄ -in. and M10 to M12 Grade 316 DIN-EN 10263-5	psi	94,200	75,300				
STEEL	X5CrNiMo 17-12-2+AT	(MPa)	(650)	(520)				
S S S	M16 Grade 316 DIN-EN 10263-5	psi	88,400	71,000	1.25	8	20	ASTM F594
STAINLESS	X5CrNiMo 17-12-2+AT	(MPa)	(610)	(490)	1.20	0	20	Туре 316
STAI	M20 Grade 316 DIN-EN 10263-5	psi	86,200	69,600				
	X5CrNiMo 17-12-2+AT	(MPa)	(595)	(480)				

¹ Steel properties are minimum values and maximum values will vary due to the cold forming of the rod.

² Nuts of other grades and styles having specified proof load stresses greater than the specified grade and style are also suitable. Nuts must have specified proof load stresses equal to or greater than the minimum tensile strength of the specified threaded rod.

TABLE 3—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON CARBON AND STAINLESS STEEL THREADED ROD MATERIALS¹

	EADED ROD SPECIFICATION		Minimum specified ultimate strength, f _{uta}	Minimum specified yield strength 0.2 percent offset, <i>f_{ya}</i>	f _{uta} /f _{ya}	Elongation, min. percent ⁷	Reduction of Area, min. percent	Specification for nuts ⁸	
	ASTM A193 ² Grade B7	psi	125,000	105,000	1.19	16	50	ASTM A563 Grade DH	
	≤ 2 ¹ / ₂ in. (≤ 64 mm)	(MPa)	(862)	(724)		-			
	ASTM F568M ³ Class 5.8	psi	72,500	58,000	4.05	10	05	ASTM A563 Grade DH ⁹	
	M5 (¹/₄ in.) to M24 (1 in.) (equivalent to ISO 898-1)	(MPa)	(500)	(400)	1.25	10	35	DIN 934 (8-A2K)	
Ц	ASTM F1554, Grade 36 ⁷	psi	58,000	36,000	1.61	23	40	ASTM A194 or ASTM A563	
STEEL	Aoriant 1994, Orade 90	(MPa)	(400)	(248)	1.01	23	40		
Z	ASTM F1554, Grade 55 ⁷	psi	75,000	55,000	1.36	21	30	ASTM A194 or ASTM A563	
2BC	ASTM F1554, Grade 557		(517)	(379)	1.50	21	30	ASTIVI A 194 OF ASTIVI A563	
CAI	ASTM F1554. Grade 105 ⁷	psi	125,000	105,000	1.19	15	45	ASTM A194 or ASTM A563	
		(MPa)	(862)	(724)	1.13	15	40		
	ISO 898-1 ⁴ Class 5.8	MPa	500	400	1.25	22		DIN 934 Grade 6	
		(psi)	(72,500)	(58,000)	1.20	22	_	Div 354 Glade 0	
	ISO 898-1 ⁴ Class 8.8	MPa	800	640	1.25	12	52	DIN 934 Grade 8	
		(psi)	(116,000)	(92,800)	1.20	12	52	Div 354 Glade 0	
	ASTM F593⁵ CW1 (316)	psi	100,000	65,000	1.54	20	_	ASTM F594	
	¹ /₄-in. to ⁵ / ₈ -in.	(MPa)	(689)	(448)	1.04	20	_	//offmin 004	
Е	ASTM F593⁵ CW2 (316)	psi	85,000	45,000	1.89	25	_	ASTM F594	
STEEL	³ / ₄ -in. to 1 ¹ / ₂ -in.	(MPa)	(586)	(310)	1.00	20	_	//offmin 004	
	ASTM A193 Grade 8(M), Class	psi	75,000	30,000	2.50	30	50	ASTM F594	
STAINLESS	$1^{2} - 1 \frac{1}{4}$ -in.	(MPa)	(517)	(207)	2.00	00	00	7.01111004	
AIN-	ISO 3506-1 ⁶ A4-70	MPa	700	450	1.56	40		ISO 4032	
ST	M8 – M24	(psi)	(101,500)	(65,250)	1.00		_	130 4032	
	ISO 3506-1 ⁶ A4-50	MPa	500	210	2.38	40		ISO 4032	
	M27 – M30	(psi)	(72,500)	(30,450)	2.00	40	_	100 4002	

¹ Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 adhesive may be used in conjunction with all grades of continuously threaded carbon or stainless steel rod (all-thread) that comply with the code reference standards and that have thread characteristics comparable with ANSI B1.1 UNC Coarse Thread Series or ANSI B1.13M M Profile Metric Thread Series. Values for threaded rod types and associated nuts supplied by Hilti are provided here.

² Standard Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting Materials for High-Temperature Service

³ Standard Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Externally Threaded Metric Fasteners

⁴ Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs

⁵ Standard Steel Specification for Stainless Steel Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, and Studs

⁶ Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs

⁷ Based on 2-in. (50 mm) gauge length except for A 193, which are based on a gauge length of 4d and ISO 898, which is based on 5d.

⁸ Nuts of other grades and styles having specified proof load stresses greater than the specified grade and style are also suitable. Nuts must have specified proof load stresses equal to or greater than the minimum tensile strength of the specified threaded rod.

⁹ Nuts for fractional rods.

TABLE 4—SPECIFICATIONS AND F	PHYSICAL PROPER	RIES OF COMMON STEEL REIN	FORCING BARS
REINFORCING BAR SPECIFICATION		Minimum specified ultimate strength, <i>f_{uta}</i>	Minimum specified yield strength, f _{ya}
ASTM A615 ¹ Gr. 60	psi	80,000	60,000
ASTM A015' GI. 60	(MPa)	(550)	(414)
	psi	60,000	40,000
ASTM A013' GI. 40	(MPa)	(414)	(276)
ASTM A706 ² Gr. 60	psi	80,000	60,000
ASTM A706- GI. 60	(MPa)	(550)	(414)
DIN 488 ³ BSt 500	MPa	550	500
DIN 466° BSI 500	(psi)	(79,750)	(72,500)
CAN/CSA-G30.18 ⁴ Gr. 400	MPa	540	400
CAN/CSA-G30.10° GI. 400	(psi)	(78,300)	(58,000)

TABLE 4—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON STEEL REINFORCING BARS

¹ Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement

² Standard Specification for Low Alloy Steel Deformed and Plain Bars for Concrete Reinforcement

³ Reinforcing steel; reinforcing steel bars; dimensions and masses

⁴ Billet-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement

TABLE 5—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS

HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS		Minimum specified ultimate strength, f_{uta}	Minimum specified yield strength, <i>f_{ya}</i>
Carbon Steel DIN EN 10277-3 11SMnPb30+c or DIN	psi	71,050	59,450
1561 9SMnPb28K ³ / ₈ -in. and M8 to M10	(MPa)	(490)	(410)
Carbon Steel DIN EN 10277-3 11SMnPb30+c or DIN	psi	66,700	54,375
1561 9SMnPb28K ¹ / ₂ to ³ / ₄ -in. and M12 to M20	(MPa)	(460)	(375)
Stainless Steel	psi	101,500	50,750
EN 10088-3 X5CrNiMo 17-12-2	(MPa)	(700)	(350)

TABLE 6—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON BOLTS, CAP SCREWS AND STUDS FOR USE WITH HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS^{1,2}

BOLT, CAP SCREW OR STUD SPECIFICATION		Minimum specified ultimate strength f _{uta}	Minimum specified yield strength 0.2 percent offset f _{ya}	f _{uta} /f _{ya}	Elongation, min.	Reduction of Area, min.	Specification for nuts ⁶	
SAE J429 ³ Grade 5	psi	120,000	92,000	1.30	14	35	SAE J995	
	(MPa)	(828)	(634)	1.00	14	00		
ASTM A325 ⁴ ¹ / ₂ to 1-in.	psi	120,000	92,000	1.30	14	35	A563 C, C3, D, DH, DH3	
	(MPa)	(828)	(634)	1.50	14	55	Heavy Hex	
ASTM A193⁵ Grade B8M (AISI	psi	110,000	95,000	1.16	15	45	ASTM F594 ⁷	
316) for use with HIS-RN	(MPa)	(759)	(655)	1.10	15	40	Alloy Group 1, 2 or 3	
ASTM A193⁵ Grade B8T (AISI	psi	125,000	100,000	1.25	12	35	ASTM F594 ⁷	
321) for use with HIS-RN	(MPa)	(862)	(690)	1.25	12	30	Alloy Group 1, 2 or 3	

¹ Minimum Grade 5 bolts, cap screws or studs must be used with carbon steel HIS inserts.

² Only stainless steel bolts, cap screws or studs must be used with HIS-RN inserts.

³ Mechanical and Material Requirements for Externally Threaded Fasteners

⁴ Standard Specification for Structural Bolts, Steel, Heat Treated, 120/105 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength

⁵ Standard Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting Materials for High-Temperature Service

⁶ Nuts must have specified minimum proof load stress equal to or greater than the specified minimum full-size tensile strength of the specified stud.

⁷ Nuts for stainless steel studs must be of the same alloy group as the specified bolt, cap screw, or stud.



Fractional and Metric HIT-Z and HIT-Z-R Anchor Rod

Steel Strength

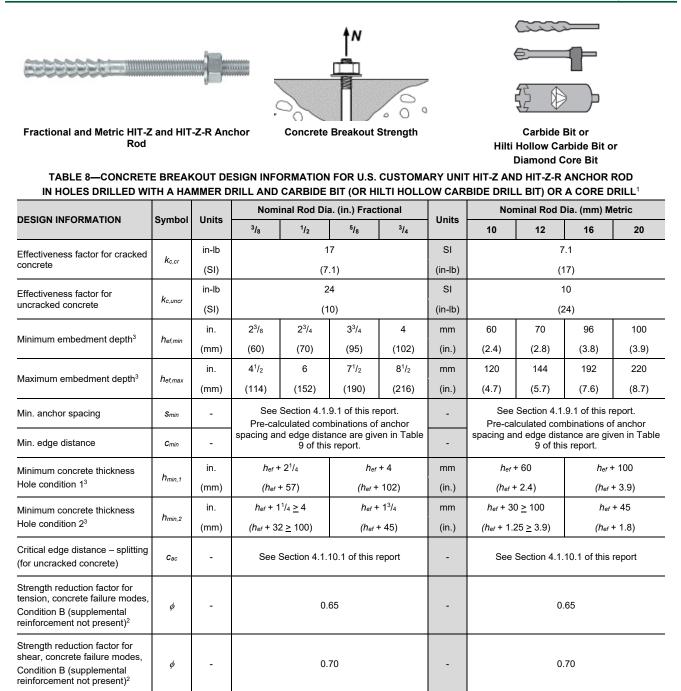
TABLE 7—STEEL	_ DESIGN INFORMATION	N FOR FRACTIONAL ANI	D METRIC HIT-Z AND	HIT-Z-R ANCHOR RODS

		Ourseh al	L lusite	Nomi	nal Rod Dia	a. (in.) Frac	tional	Units	Non	ninal Rod D	Dia. (mm) M	etric	
DES	IGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	³ /8	¹ / ₂	⁵ /8	³ /4	Units	10	12	16	20	
Pad	O.D.	d	in.	0.375	0.5	0.625	0.75	mm	10	12	16	20	
Rou	0.D.	a	(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)	(in.)	(0.39)	(0.47)	(0.63)	(0.79)	
Rod	effective cross-	Ase	in. ²	0.0775	0.1419	0.2260	0.3340	mm ²	58.0	84.3	157.0	245.0	
sect	ional area	Ase	(mm ²)	(50)	(92)	(146)	(216)	(in.²)	(0.090)	(0.131)	(0.243)	(0.380)	
		Nsa	lb	7,306	13,377	21,306	31,472	kN	37.7	54.8	95.8	145.8	
	Nominal strength as governed by steel	IVsa	(kN)	(32.5)	(59.5)	(94.8)	(140.0)	(lb)	(8,475)	(12,318)	(21,529)	(32,770)	
Ш	iii strength ¹ iii iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii	V _{sa}	lb	3,215	5,886	9,375	13,848	kN	16.6	24.1	42.2	64.2	
STE		V sa	(kN)	(14.3)	(26.2)	(41.7)	(61.6)	(lb)	(3,729)	(5,420)	(9,476)	(14,421)	
CARBON	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-		0.	65		-		0.	65		
CAF	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ	-		0.	65		-		0.	65		
	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	φ	-		0.	60		-		0.	60	60	
			lb	7,306	13,377	21,306	31,472	kN	37.7	54.8	95.8	145.8	
	Nominal strength as	Nsa	(kN)	(32.5)	(59.5)	(94.8)	(140.0)	(lb)	(8,475)	(12,318)	(21,529)	(32,770)	
STEEL	governed by steel strength ¹		lb	4,384	8,026	12,783	18,883	kN	22.6	32.9	57.5	87.5	
		Vsa	(kN)	(19.5)	(35.7)	(56.9)	(84.0)	(lb)	(5,085)	(7,391)	(12,922)	(19,666)	
STAINLESS	Reduction for seismic shear	αV,seis	-	0.79	0.75	0.	65	-	0.79	0.75	0.	65	
STAI	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ	-		0.	65		-	0.65				
	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	φ	-		0.	60		-	0.60				

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Steel properties are minimum values and maximum values will vary due to the cold forming of the rod. ² For use with the load combinations of ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3.

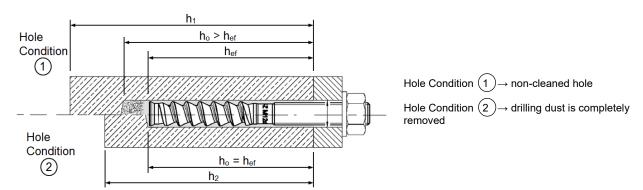


For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Additional setting information is described in Figure 6, Manufacturers Printed Installation Instructions (MPII).

² The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.³ Borehole condition is described in Figure 4 below.



DESIG	TABLE 9—PRE-C	Symbol	Units				minal Rod	Diameter (ir	1.) – Fractio	nal		
Rod O.	D	d	in.					³ /8				
	5.	ů	(mm) in.		2 ³ /8		1	(9.5) 3 ³ /8		4 ¹ / ₂		
Effectiv	ve embedment	h _{ef}	(mm)		(60)		3°/8 (86)			(114)		
Drilled	hole condition ¹	-	-	2 1 or 2		2 1 or 2			2 1 or 2			
Minimu	m concrete thickness	h	in.	4	$4^{5}/_{8}$	5 ³ / ₄	4 ⁵ / ₈	5 ⁵ /8	6 ³ / ₈	5 ³ / ₄	6 ³ / ₄	7 ³ /8
			(mm) in.	(102) 3 ¹ /8	(117) 2 ³ / ₄	(146) 2 ¹ / ₄	(117) 2 ³ / ₄	(143) 2 ¹ / ₄	(162) 2	(146) 2 ¹ / ₄	(171) 1 ⁷ /8	(187 1 ⁷ /8
۵	Minimum edge and	Cmin, 1	(mm)	(79)	(70)	(57)	(70)	(57)	(51)	(57)	(48)	(48)
UNCRACKED	spacing Case 1 ²	Smin,1	in.	9 ¹ / ₈	7 ³ / ₄	6 ¹ / ₈	7 ³ / ₄	6 ¹ / ₂	5 ⁵ /8	6 ¹ / ₈	5 ³ /8	4 ¹ / ₂
S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S			(mm) in.	(232) 5 ⁵ /8	(197) 4 ³ / ₄	(156) 3 ³ / ₄	(197) 4 ³ / ₄	(165) 3 ⁷ / ₈	(143) 3 ¹ / ₄	(156) 3 ³ / ₄	(137) 3 ¹ /8	(114 2 ³ / ₄
βN	Minimum edge and	C _{min,2}	(mm)	(143)	(121)	(95)	(121)	(98)	(83)	(95)	(79)	(70)
50	spacing Case 2 ²	S _{min,2}	in.	17/8	17/8	1 ⁷ /8	1 ⁷ /8	1 ⁷ /8	1 ⁷ /8	1 ⁷ /8	1 ⁷ /8	1 ⁷ /8
		Chini, 2	(mm)	(48) 2 ¹ / ₈	(48) 1 ⁷ /8	(48) 1 ⁷ /8	(48) 1 ⁷ /8	(48) 1 ⁷ /8	(48) 1 ⁷ /8	(48) 1 ⁷ /8	(48) 1 ⁷ /8	(48) 1 ⁷ /8
	Minimum edge and	Cmin, 1	in. (mm)	(54)	(48)	(48)	(48)	(48)	(48)	(48)	(48)	(48)
CRACKED CONCRETE	spacing Case 1 ²	Smin,1	in.	6 ³ /8	5 ¹ / ₂	4 ¹ / ₄	5 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ / ₂	2 ⁵ /8	3 ¹ / ₄	2	1 ⁷ /8
CRACKED CONCRETE		Smin,1	(mm)	(162)	(140)	(108)	(140)	(89)	(67)	(83)	(51)	(48)
NA No	Minimum edge and	Cmin,2	in. (mm)	3 ⁵ / ₈ (92)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	2 ³ / ₈ (60)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	2 ¹ / ₂ (64)	2 ¹ / ₈ (54)	2 ³ / ₈ (60)	2 (51)	1 ⁷ /8 (48)
00	spacing Case 2 ²	Saula 0	in.	1 ⁷ /8	17/8	1 ⁷ /8	1 ⁷ /8	17/8	1 ⁷ /8	1 ⁷ / ₈	17/8	1 ⁷ /8
		Smin,2	(mm)	(48)	(48)	(48)	(48)	(48)	(48)	(48)	(48)	(48)
DESIG		Symbol	Units			No	minal Rod	Diameter (ir	1.) – Fractio	nal		
Rod O.	D	d	in.			-		1/2	,			
-		<u> </u>	(mm) in.		2-3/4		1	(12.7) 4 ¹ / ₂		6		
Effectiv	ve embedment	h _{ef}	(mm)	(70)			(114)			(152)		
Drilled	hole condition ¹	-	-	2		or 2	2		or 2	2		or 2
Minimum concrete thickness		h	in.	4	5	$7^{1}/_{8}$	$5^{3}/_{4}$	6 ³ / ₄	8 ¹ / ₄	$7^{1}/_{4}$	8 ¹ / ₄	9 ³ /4
		-	(mm) in.	(102) 5 ¹ /8	(127) 4 ¹ / ₈	(181) 2 ⁷ /8	(146) 3 ⁵ / ₈	(171) 3	(210) 2 ¹ / ₂	(184) 2 ⁷ / ₈	(210) 2 ¹ / ₂	(248 2 ¹ / ₂
NCRACKED CONCRETE	Minimum edge and spacing	Cmin, 1	(mm)	(130)	(105)	(73)	(92)	(76)	(64)	(73)	(64)	(64)
	Case 1 ²	Smin,1	in.	14 ⁷ / ₈	11 ⁷ / ₈	8 ⁵ / ₈	10 ¹ / ₄	9	7 ¹ / ₄	8 ¹ / ₈	7 ¹ / ₄	5
		,	(mm) in.	(378) 9 ¹ / ₄	(302) 7 ¹ / ₄	(219) 4 ⁷ / ₈	(260) 6 ¹ / ₄	(229) 5 ¹ / ₄	(184) 4 ¹ / ₈	(206) 4 ³ / ₄	(184) 4 ¹ / ₈	(127 3 ³ /8
	Minimum edge and spacing Case 2 ²	C _{min,2}	(mm)	(235)	(184)	(124)	(159)	(133)	(105)	(121)	(105)	(86)
\supset \bigcirc		Smin,2	in.	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂
		-	(mm) in.	(64) 3 ⁵ /8	(64)	(64) 2 ¹ / ₂	(64) 2 ⁵ / ₈	(64) 2 ¹ / ₂	(64) 2 ¹ / ₂	(64) 2 ¹ / ₂	(64) 2 ¹ / ₂	(64) 2 ¹ / ₂
	Minimum edge and	Cmin, 1	(mm)	(92)	(76)	(64)	(67)	(64)	(64)	(64)	(64)	(64)
	spacing Case 1 ²	Smin,1	in.	10 ⁷ /8	8 ¹ / ₂	6	7 ³ /8	5 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ /8	4 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ /8	2 ¹ / ₂
ŞК	-		(mm) in.	(276) 6 ¹ / ₂	(216) 5	(152) 3 ¹ / ₄	(187) 4 ¹ / ₄	(140) 3 ¹ / ₂	(79) 2 ³ / ₄	(114) 3 ¹ / ₄	(79) 2 ³ / ₄	(64) 2 ¹ / ₂
CRACKED UNCRACKED UNCRACKED CONCRETE CONCRETE CONCRETE	Minimum edge and	C _{min,2}	(mm)	(165)	(127)	(83)	(108)	(89)	(70)	(83)	(70)	(64)
	spacing Case 2 ²	S _{min.2}	in.	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂	2 ¹ / ₂
		Chillin, 2	(mm)	(64)	(64)	(64)	(64)	(64)	(64)	(64)	(64)	(64)
DESIG	N INFORMATION	Symbol	Units			No	minal Rod	Diameter (ir	n.) – Fractio	nal		
Rod O.	D.	d	in.					^{5/} 8 (15.9)				
Effectiv	ve embedment	h _{ef}	(mm) in.		3 ³ / ₄			5 ⁵ /8			7 ¹ / ₂	
			(mm)		(95)		2	(143)		0	(191)	
	hole condition ¹	-	- in.	2 5 ¹ / ₂	7 ³ /4	or 2 9 ³ /8	Z 7 ³ /8	9 ⁵ /8	or 2 10 ¹ /2	2 9 ¹ / ₄	11 ¹ /2	or 2 12 ¹ /2
Minimu	m concrete thickness	h	(mm)	(140)	(197)	(238)	(187)	(244)	(267)	(235)	(292)	(311
	Minimum edge and	Cmin, 1	in.	6 ¹ / ₄	4 ¹ / ₂	33/4	4 ⁵ / ₈	35/8	31/4	33/4	3 ¹ / ₈	3 ¹ /8
印度	spacing	-11111,1	(mm) in.	(159) 18 ³ /8	(114) 12 ⁷ /8	(95) 10 ⁵ / ₈	(117) 13 ⁷ /8	(92) 10 ³ / ₈	(83) 9 ³ / ₄	(95) 10 ⁷ / ₈	(79) 8 ³ / ₈	(79) 7 ³ /8
Ϋ́́	Case 1 ²	S _{min,1}	(mm)	(467)	(327)	(270)	(352)	(264)	(248)	(276)	(213)	(187
NC R	Minimum edge and	Cmin,2	in.	11 ³ /8	7 ³ /4	6 ¹ / ₄	8 ¹ / ₄	6 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₂	6 ³ /8	4 ⁷ /8	4 ⁵ /8
UNCRACKED CONCRETE	spacing	U 11111,2	(mm)	(289) 3 ¹ /8	(197) 3 ¹ /2	(159) 3 ¹ / ₈	(210) 3 ¹ / ₈	(156)	(140) 3 ¹ / ₈	(162)	(124)	(117 3 ¹ /8
_	Case 2 ^{°2}	Smin,2	in. (mm)	(79)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	(79)	(79)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	(79)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	(79)
	Minimum odge and	C	in.	4 ⁵ /8	3 ³ /8	3 ¹ /8	3 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ /8	3 ¹ /8	3 ¹ /8	3 ¹ /8	3 ¹ /8
ωш	Minimum edge and spacing	C _{min,1}	(mm)	(117)	(86)	(79)	(89)	(79)	(79)	(79)	(79)	(79)
ÄEL	Case 1 ²	Smin, 1	in. (mm)	13 ⁷ / ₈ (352)	9 ¹ / ₂ (241)	8 ³ / ₄ (222)	10 ¹ / ₈ (257)	6 ¹ / ₂ (165)	5 ³ / ₈ (137)	7 ¹ / ₈ (181)	3 ⁷ / ₈ (98)	3 ¹ /8 (79)
CRACKED CONCRETE			in.	8 ¹ / ₄	5 ¹ / ₂	4 ³ / ₈	5 ⁷ /8	4 ¹ / ₄	3 ⁷ /8	4 ¹ / ₂	3 ³ /8	3 ¹ /8
ЧÖ	Minimum edge and spacing	C _{min,2}	(mm)	(210)	(140)	(111)	(149)	(108)	(98)	(114)	(86)	(79)
-	Case 2 ²		in.	3 ¹ /8	3 ¹ /8	3 ¹ /8	3 ¹ /8	3 ¹ /8	3 ¹ /8	3 ¹ /8	3 ¹ /8	3 ¹ /8

For **SI**: 1 inch ≡ 25.4 mm

Minimum edge and spacing Case 2 ²

Smin,2

(mm)

¹ See Figure 4 for description of drilled hole condition.
 ² Linear interpolation is permitted to establish an edge distance and spacing combination between case 1 and case 2.

(79)

Linear interpolation for a specific edge distance c, where $c_{min,1} < c < c_{min,2}$, will determine the permissible spacing, s, as follows:

(79)

(79)

(79)

(79)

(79)

(79)

(79)

(79)

$$s \ge s_{min,2} + \frac{(s_{min,1} - s_{min,2})}{(c_{min,1} - c_{min,2})}(c - c_{min,2})$$

Minimum concrete thickness h (mm) (146) (203) (292) (216) (273) (333) (260) (318) (366) Minimum edge and C_{min1} in. $9^{3}/_{4}$ 7 5 $6^{5}/_{8}$ $5^{1}/_{4}$ $4^{1}/_{2}$												
Rod O.I	D.	d										
Effective	e embedment	h _{ef}			-							
Drilled h	ole condition ¹	-	-	2	1 0	or 2	2	1 0	or 2	2	1 0	or 2
Minimur	n concrete thickness	h			-					$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	14 ¹ / ₂ (368)	
Ο	0	Cmin,1			7 (178)	-					. –	4 (102)
ICRACKED ONCRETE ▼ 1 0 % ₹		Smin,1										11 (279)
NCR/	0	Cmin,2	in. (mm)	18 ¹ / ₈ (460)	12 ⁵ / ₈ (321)	8 ¹ / ₂ (216)	11 ⁷ / ₈ (302)	9 ¹ / ₈ (232)		-	-	6 ¹ / ₂ (165)
20	spacing Case 2 ²	S _{min,2}	in. (mm)	3 ³ / ₄ (95)				3 ³ / ₄ (95)				
	Minimum edge and spacing	Cmin, 1	in. (mm)	7 ¹ / ₄ (184)	5 ¹ / ₄ (133)	4 ¹ / ₈ (105)	5 (127)	4 (102)				3 ³ / ₄ (95)
KED	Case 1 ²	Smin,1	in. (mm)	21 ³ / ₄ (552)	15 ¹ / ₂ (394)	12 ¹ / ₄ (311)	14 ¹ / ₂ (368)	11 ³ / ₈ (289)	-			6 ¹ / ₂ (165)
CRACKED UNCRACKED CONCRETE CONCRETE 영 로 이 있습 로 있 영	Minimum edge and	Cmin,2	in. (mm)	13 ¹ / ₄ (337)	9 ¹ / ₄ (235)	6 (152)	8 ⁵ / ₈ (219)	6 ⁵ / ₈ (168)				4 ¹ / ₂ (114)
0	spacing Case 2 ²	Smin,2	in. (mm)	3 ³ / ₄ (95)	3 ³ / ₄ (95)	3 ³ / ₄ (95)	3 ³ / ₄ (95)	3 ³ / ₄ (95)				

DESIG	N INFORMATION	Symbol	Units				Nominal R	od Diamete	r (mm) – Me	etric		
Rod O.I	D.	d	mm (in.)					10 (0.39)				
Effective	e embedment	h _{ef}	mm (in.)		60 (2.36)			90 (3.54)			120 (4.72)	
Drilled h	nole condition ¹	-	-	2	1 c	or 2	2	1 0	or 2	2	1 0	or 2
Minimu	m concrete thickness	h	mm (in.)	100 (3.94)	120 (4.72)	156 (6.14)	120 (4.72)	150 (5.91)	176 (6.91)	150 (5.91)	180 (7.09)	197 (7.74)
۵	Minimum edge and	Cmin, 1	mm (in.)	99 (3.90)	83 (3.27)	64 (2.52)	83 (3.27)	66 (2.60)	57 (2.24)	66 (2.60)	55 (2.17)	51 (2.01)
UNCRACKED CONCRETE	pacing Case 1 ²	Smin, 1	mm (in.)	295 (11.61)	244 (9.61)	187 (7.36)	244 (9.61)	197 (7.76)	166 (6.54)	197 (7.76)	164 (6.46)	148 (5.83)
	/inimum edge and	C _{min,2}	mm (in.)	181 (7.13)	148 (5.83)	110 (4.33)	148 (5.83)	115 (4.53)	96 (3.78)	115 (4.53)	93 (3.66)	84 (3.31)
20	spacing Case 2 ²	Smin,2	mm (in.)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)
	Minimum edge and spacing	Cmin, 1	mm (in.)	71 (2.80)	59 (2.32)	52 (2.05)	59 (2.32)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)
CKED	Case 1 ²	Smin, 1	mm (in.)	209 (8.23)	174 (6.85)	150 (5.91)	174 (6.85)	131 (5.16)	106 (4.17)	131 (5.16)	84 (3.31)	66 (2.60)
CRACKED CONCRETE	Minimum edge and	Cmin,2	mm (in.)	124 (4.88)	101 (3.98)	74 (2.91)	101 (3.98)	77 (3.03)	64 (2.52)	77 (3.03)	62 (2.44)	55 (2.17)
	spacing Case 2 ²	S _{min,2}	mm (in.)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)	50 (1.97)

DESIGN	INFORMATION			Nominal R	od Diamete	r (mm) – Me	etric					
Rod O.I).	d	mm (in.)					12 (0.47)				
Effective	e embedment	h _{ef}	mm (in.)		70 (2.76)			108 (4.25)			144 (5.67)	
Drilled h	nole condition ¹	-	-	2	1 c	or 2	2	1 0	or 2	2	1 0	or 2
Minimur	n concrete thickness	h	mm (in.)	100 (3.94)	130 (5.12)	184 (7.24)	138 (5.43)	168 (6.61)	209 (8.21)	174 (6.85)	204 (8.03)	234 (9.21)
Ο	Minimum edge and	Cmin, 1	mm (in.)	139 (5.47)	107 (4.21)	76 (2.99)	101 (3.98)	83 (3.27)	67 (2.64)	80 (3.15)	68 (2.68)	60 (2.36)
RACKED ICRETE	pacing Case 1 ²	S _{min,1}	mm (in.)	416 (16.38)	320 (12.60)	225 (8.86)	300 (11.81)	247 (9.72)	199 (7.83)	239 (9.41)	204 (8.03)	176 (6.93)
NCR/	Minimum edge and	Cmin,2	mm (in.)	258 (10.16)	194 (7.64)	131 (5.16)	181 (7.13)	146 (5.75)	114 (4.49)	140 (5.51)	116 (4.57)	99 (3.90)
50	spacing Case 2 ²	Smin,2	mm (in.)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)
	Minimum edge and	C _{min,1}	mm (in.)	101 (3.98)	78 (3.07)	62 (2.44)	74 (2.91)	61 (2.40)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)
RETE	spacing Case 1 ²	Smin, 1	mm (in.)	303 (11.93)	232 (9.13)	186 (7.32)	217 (8.54)	178 (7.01)	126 (4.96)	168 (6.61)	117 (4.61)	79 (3.11)
ONCR	Minimum edge and	C _{min,2}	mm (in.)	182 (7.17)	136 (5.35)	90 (3.54)	127 (5.00)	101 (3.98)	77 (3.03)	96 (3.78)	79 (3.11)	67 (2.64)
0	spacing Case 2 ²	S min,2	mm (in.)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)	60 (2.36)

For **SI**: 1 inch ≡ 25.4 mm

¹ See Figure 4 for description of drilled hole condition. ² Linear interpolation is permitted to establish an edge distance and spacing combination between case 1 and case 2. Linear interpolation for a specific edge distance *c*, where $c_{min,1} < c < c_{min,2}$, will determine the permissible spacing, *s*, as follows:

$$s \ge s_{min,2} + \frac{(s_{min,1} - s_{min,2})}{(c_{min,1} - c_{min,2})} (c - c_{min,2})$$

TABLE 9—PRE-CALCULATED EDGE DISTANCE AND SPACING COMBINATIONS FOR HILTI HIT-Z AND HIT-Z-R RODS (Continued)

DESIG	N INFORMATION	Symbol	Units			N	ominal Rod	Diameter (mm) – Metr	ic		
Rod O.	П	d	mm					16				
Rou O.	D.	u	(in.)					(0.63)				
Effectiv	ve embedment	h _{ef}	mm		96			144			192	
Ellectiv	e embedment	llef	(in.)		(3.78)			(5.67)			(7.56)	
Drilled	hole condition ¹	-	-	2	1 c	or 2	2	1 0	or 2	2	1 c	or 2
Minimu	Im concrete thickness	h	mm	141	196	237	189	244	269	237	292	312
winimu	im concrete thickness	п	(in.)	(5.55)	(7.72)	(9.33)	(7.44)	(9.61)	(10.57)	(9.33)	(11.50)	(12.28)
			mm	158	114	94	118	92	83	94	80	80
-	Minimum edge and spacing	C _{min,1}	(in.)	(6.22)	(4.49)	(3.70)	(4.65)	(3.62)	(3.27)	(3.70)	(3.15)	(3.15)
띮띥	Case 1 ²		mm	473	339	281	352	271	248	281	217	188
Š H		Smin, 1	(in.)	(18.62)	(13.35)	(11.06)	(13.86)	(10.67)	(9.76)	(11.06)	(8.54)	(7.40)
UNCRACKED CONCRETE			mm	289	201	161	209	156	139	161	126	116
ЯS	Minimum edge and spacing	Cmin,2	(in.)	(11.38)	(7.91)	(6.34)	(8.23)	(6.14)	(5.47)	(6.34)	(4.96)	(4.57)
_	Case 2 ²	Smin.2	mm	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
		Smin,2	(in.)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)
		6	mm	116	83	80	86	80	80	80	80	80
	Minimum edge and spacing	C _{min, 1}	(in.)	(4.57)	(3.27)	(3.15)	(3.39)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)
ΩЩ	Case 1 ²		mm	343	248	211	258	160	129	171	94	81
CRACKED CONCRETE		Smin, 1	(in.)	(13.50)	(9.76)	(8.31)	(10.16)	(6.30)	(5.08)	(6.73)	(3.70)	(3.19)
NO		6	mm	204	139	111	146	107	95	111	85	80
5 S	Minimum edge and spacing	Cmin,2	(in.)	(8.03)	(5.47)	(4.37)	(5.75)	(4.21)	(3.74)	(4.37)	(3.35)	(3.15)
	Case 2 ²	C 1 A	mm	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
		Smin,2	(in.)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)	(3.15)

DESIG	N INFORMATION	Symbol	Units			N	ominal Rod	l Diameter (mm) – Metr	ric		
Rod O.	D	d	mm					20				
ROU U.	.D.	a	(in.)					(0.79)				
Effectiv	/e embedment	h _{ef}	mm		100			180			220	
Ellecul	ve embedment	llef	(in.)		(3.94)			(7.09)			(8.66)	
Drilled	hole condition ¹	-	-	2	1 c	or 2	2	1 0	or 2	2	1 0	or 2
Minimu	Im concrete thickness	h	mm	145	200	282	225	280	335	265	320	370
wiiriiriic			(in.)	(5.71)	(7.87)	(11.08)	(8.86)	(11.02)	(13.17)	(10.43)	(12.60)	(14.57)
		2	mm	235	170	121	152	122	103	129	107	100
-	Minimum edge and	Cmin, 1	(in.)	(9.25)	(6.69)	(4.76)	(5.98)	(4.80)	(4.06)	(5.08)	(4.21)	(3.94)
UNCRACKED CONCRETE	spacing Case 1 ²		mm	702	511	362	451	363	301	383	317	252
Š H	-	Smin, 1	(in.)	(27.64)	(20.12)	(14.25)	(17.76)	(14.29)	(11.85)	(15.08)	(12.48)	(9.92)
NON NON			mm	436	307	209	269	210	170	224	180	151
Ξö	Minimum edge and spacing	Cmin,2	(in.)	(17.17)	(12.09)	(8.23)	(10.59)	(8.27)	(6.69)	(8.82)	(7.09)	(5.94)
	Case 2 ²	6	mm	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	-	S _{min,2}	(in.)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)
		C + +	mm	176	128	102	114	100	100	100	100	100
	Minimum edge and spacing	Cmin, 1	(in.)	(6.93)	(5.04)	(4.02)	(4.49)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)
ᇟ世	Case 1 ²	C + + +	mm	526	380	298	337	246	163	277	178	113
ХË		Smin, 1	(in.)	(20.71)	(14.96)	(11.73)	(13.27)	(9.69)	(6.42)	(10.91)	(7.01)	(4.45)
CRACKED CONCRETE		<u> </u>	mm	318	222	148	193	149	119	159	126	105
ΩS	Minimum edge and spacing	Cmin,2	(in.)	(12.52)	(8.74)	(5.83)	(7.60)	(5.87)	(4.69)	(6.26)	(4.96)	(4.13)
	Case 2 ²	6	mm	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
		S _{min,2}	(in.)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)	(3.94)

For **SI**: 1 inch ≡ 25.4 mm

¹ See Figure 4 for description of drilled hole condition. ² Linear interpolation is permitted to establish an edge distance and spacing combination between case 1 and case 2. Linear interpolation for a specific edge distance *c*, where $c_{min,1} < c < c_{min,2}$, will determine the permissible spacing, *s*, as follows: $(s + c - s + c_{min})$

$$s \ge s_{min,2} + \frac{(s_{min,1} - s_{min,2})}{(c_{min,1} - c_{min,2})} (c - c_{min,2})$$

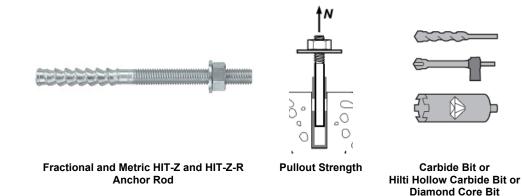


TABLE 10-PULLOUT STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HILTI HIT-Z AND HIT-Z-R RODS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR A CORE DRILL¹

DECION		.	11	Nomin	al Rod Dia	a. (in.) Fra	ctional		Non	ninal Rod D	ia. (mm) M	etric
DESIGN	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	3/8	¹ / ₂	⁵ / ₈	³ / ₄	Units	10	12	16	20
Minimum	embedment depth	h	in.	2 ³ / ₈	2 ³ / ₄	33/4	4	mm	60	70	96	100
Minimum	embedment deptri	h _{ef,min}	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(95)	(102)	(in.)	(2.4)	(2.8)	(3.8)	(3.9)
Maximum	n embedment depth	h _{ef,max}	in.	4 ¹ / ₂	6	7 ¹ / ₂	8 ¹ / ₂	mm	120	144	192	220
<u>.</u>		rier,max	(mm)	(114)	(152)	(190)	(216)	(in.)	(4.7)	(5.7)	(7.6)	(8.7)
Φ	Pullout strength in	N _{p.cr}	lb	7,952	10,936	21,391	27,930	kN	39.1	43.8	98.0	127.9
emperatur range A ²	cracked concrete	INp,cr	(kN)	(35.4)	(48.6)	(95.1)	(124.2)	(lb)	(8,790)	(9,847)	(22,032)	(28,754)
Temperature range A ²	Pullout strength in uncracked	N _{p.uncr}	lb	7,952	11,719	21,391	28,460	kN	39.1	46.9	98.0	130.3
F	concrete	∎ ∎p,uncr	(kN)	(35.4)	(52.1)	(95.1)	(126.6)	(lb)	(8,790)	(10,545)	(22,028)	(29,293)
Ð	Pullout strength in	Δ/	lb	7,952	10,936	21,391	27,930	kN	39.1	43.8	98.0	127.9
emperatur range B²	cracked concrete	N _{p,cr}	(kN)	(35.4)	(48.6)	(95.1)	(124.2)	(lb)	(8,790)	(9,847)	(22,032)	(28,754)
Temperature range B²	Pullout strength in uncracked	N	lb	7,952	11,719	21,391	28,460	kN	39.1	46.9	98.0	130.3
	concrete	N _{p,uncr}	(kN)	(35.4)	(52.1)	(95.1)	(126.6)	(lb)	(8,790)	(10,545)	(22,028)	(29,293)
Ð	Pullout strength in	N _{p,cr}	lb	7,182	9,877	19,321	25,227	kN	35.3	39.5	88.5	115.5
emperatur range C²	cracked concrete	INp,cr	(kN)	(31.9)	(43.9)	(85.9)	(112.2)	(lb)	(7,936)	(8,880)	(19,897)	(25,967)
Temperature range C²	Pullout strength in uncracked	N _{p,uncr}	lb	7,182	10,585	19,321	25,705	kN	35.3	42.4	88.5	117.7
F	concrete	INp,uncr	(kN)	(31.9)	(47.1)	(85.9)	(114.3)	(lb)	(7,936)	(9,532)	(19,897)	(26,461)
ssible ation tions	Dry concrete, water saturated concrete	Anchor Category	-			1		-			1	
Permissible installation conditions		φd, φws	-		0.	65		-		0.	65	
Reduction tension	ion for seismic 0.94 1.0 0.89		1	.0								

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C). Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 248°F (120°C), Maximum long term temperature = 162°F (72°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.



Fractional Threaded Rod

Steel Strength

TABLE 11—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD

	ORMATION	Symbol	Units				nal rod diamet	ter (in.) ¹		
DESIGNIN	ORMATION	Symbol	Units	³ /8	¹ / ₂	⁵ /8	³ /4	⁷ /8	1	1 ¹ /4
Rod O.D.		d	in.	0.375	0.5	0.625	0.75	0.875	1	1.25
		ŭ	(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)	(22.2)	(25.4)	(31.8)
Rod effective	e cross-sectional area	Ase	in. ²	0.0775	0.1419	0.2260	0.3345	0.4617	0.6057	0.9691
		7 130	(mm ²)	(50)	(92)	(146)	(216)	(298)	(391)	(625)
		N _{sa}	lb	5,620	10,290	16,385	24,250	33,470	43,910	70,260
	Nominal strength as governed by		(kN)	(25.0)	(45.8)	(72.9)	(107.9)	(148.9)	(195.3)	(312.5)
5.8	steel strength	Vsa	lb	3,370	6,175	9,830	14,550	20,085	26,345	42,155
ISO 898-1 Class 5.8			(kN)	(15.0)	(27.5)	(43.7)	(64.7)	(89.3)	(117.2)	(187.5)
So	Reduction for seismic shear	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	-				1.00			
<u> </u>	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	ϕ	-				0.65			
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-				0.60			
		Ψ	lb	9,685	17,735	28,250	41,810	57,710	75,710	121,135
~	Nominal strength as governed by	Nsa	(kN)	(43.1)	(78.9)	(125.7)	(186.0)	(256.7)	(336.8)	(538.8)
B	steel strength		lb	5,810	10,640	16,950	25,085	34,625	45,425	72,680
190	5	V _{sa}	(kN)	(25.9)	(47.3)	(75.4)	(111.6)	(154.0)	(202.1)	(323.3)
٩V	Reduction for seismic shear	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	-		(- /		1.00	(/		(* * * /
ASTM A193 B7	Strength reduction factor ϕ for									
AS	tension ²	ϕ	-				0.75			
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	ϕ	-				0.65			
		Nsa	lb	-	8,230	13,110	19,400	26,780	35,130	56,210
4	Nominal strength as governed by	/ vsa	(kN)	-	(36.6)	(58.3)	(86.3)	(119.1)	(156.3)	(250.0)
155 6	steel strength	Vsa	lb	-	4,940	7,865	11,640	16,070	21,080	33,725
ш e	Deduction foster existencia altern		(kN)	-	(22.0)	(35.0)	(51.8)	(71.5)	(93.8)	(150.0)
ASTM F1554 Gr. 36	Reduction factor, seismic shear	<i>α</i> _{v,seis}	-				0.6			
AS	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	ϕ	-				0.75			
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-				0.65			
		,	lb	-	10,645	16,950	25,090	34,630	45,430	72,685
	Nominal strength as governed by	N _{sa}	(kN)	-	(47.4)	(75.4)	(111.6)	(154.0)	(202.1)	(323.3)
554	steel strength	N/	lb	-	6,385	10,170	15,055	20,780	27,260	43,610
ASTM F1554 Gr. 55	_	Vsa	(kN)	-	(28.4)	(45.2)	(67.0)	(92.4)	(121.3)	(194.0)
ت ح	Reduction factor, seismic shear	$\alpha_{v,seis}$	-				1.00			
LSA	Strength reduction factor ϕ for	φ	_				0.75			
4	tension ²									
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	ϕ	-				0.65			
		Nsa	lb	-	17,740	28,250	41,815	57,715	75,715	121,135
54	Nominal strength as governed by		(kN)	-	(78.9)	(125.7)	(186.0)	(256.7)	(336.8)	(538.8)
15t 05	steel strength	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	-	10,645 (47.4)	16,950 (75.4)	25,090 (111.6)	34,630 (154.0)	45,430 (202.1)	72,680 (323.3)
Σ. 	Reduction factor, seismic shear	α _{v,seis}	-	-	(47.4)	(73.4)	1.00	(134.0)	(202.1)	(323.3)
ASTM F1554 Gr. 105	Strength reduction factor ϕ for									
¥.	tension ²	ϕ	-				0.75			
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-				0.65			
		N _{sa}	lb	7,750	14,190	22,600	28,435	39,245	51,485	-
F593, CW iinless	Nominal strength as governed by	i Vsa	(kN)	(34.5)	(63.1)	(100.5)	(126.5)	(174.6)	(229.0)	-
3, (SS	steel strength	Vsa	lb	4,650	8,515	13,560	17,060	23,545	30,890	-
-59 nle			(kN)	(20.7)	(37.9)	(60.3)	(75.9)	(104.7)	(137.4)	-
ASTM F Stair	Reduction factor, seismic shear	$\alpha_{v,seis}$	-			0	.80			-
STI	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension	ϕ	-			0	.65			-
Ŕ	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-			0	.60			-
		í í	- Ib				-			- 55,240
<u>.</u>	Nominal strength as governed by	N _{sa}	(kN)				-			(245.7)
0 - 0	steel strength	14	lb				-			33,145
193 las: ess		Vsa	(kN)				-			(147.4)
ASTM A193, Gr. 8(M), Class 1 Stainless	Reduction factor, seismic shear	αv,seis	-				-			0.80
Stg M	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension									0.75
in m	2 -	ϕ	-				-			0.75
¥۳										

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf

¹ Values provided for common rod material types are based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.1.2) and Eq (17.7.1.2b), ACI 318-14 Eq. (17.4.1.2) and Eq (17.5.1.2b) or ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29). Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod.
 ² The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.





Fractional Reinforcing Bars

Steel Strength

		Cumb al	Unite			Nomina	I Reinforci	ng bar size	(Rebar)		
DESIG	N INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10
Nemine	-	d	in.	³ / ₈	1/ ₂	⁵ /8	³ / ₄	7/ ₈	1	1.128	1.270
Nomina	al bar diameter	d	(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)	(22.2)	(25.4)	(28.7)	(32.3)
Dor off	active erece excitional erec	٨	in. ²	0.11	0.2	0.31	0.44	0.6	0.79	1.0	1.27
Darene	ective cross-sectional area	Ase	(mm²)	(71)	(129)	(199)	(284)	(387)	(510)	(645)	(819)
		Nsa	lb	6,600	12,000	18,600	26,400	36,000	47,400	60,000	76,200
	Nominal strength as governed	Tvsa	(kN)	(29.4)	(53.4)	(82.7)	(117.4)	(160.1)	(210.9)	(266.9)	(339.0)
2	by steel strength	Vsa	lb	3,960	7,200	11,160	15,840	21,600	28,440	36,000	45,720
A61 9 40		V sa	(kN)	(17.6)	(32.0)	(49.6)	(70.5)	(96.1)	(126.5)	(160.1)	(203.4)
ASTM A615 Grade 40	Reduction for seismic shear	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	-				0.	70			
AS Q	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-				0.	65			
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-				0.	60			
		Δ/	lb	8,800	16,000	24,800	35,200	48,000	63,200	80,000	101,600
	Nominal strength as governed	N _{sa}	(kN)	(39.1)	(71.2)	(110.3)	(156.6)	(213.5)	(281.1)	(355.9)	(451.9)
ю	by steel strength	V _{sa}	lb	5,280	9,600	14,880	21,120	28,800	37,920	48,000	60,960
∆61¦ 960		V sa	(kN)	(23.5)	(42.7)	(66.2)	(93.9)	(128.1)	(168.7)	(213.5)	(271.2)
ASTM A615 Grade 60	Reduction for seismic shear	ΩV,seis	-				0.	70			
AS G	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-				0.	65			
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-				0.	60			
			lb	8,800	16,000	24,800	35,200	48,000	63,200	80,000	101,600
	Nominal strength as governed	N _{sa}	(kN)	(39.1)	(71.2)	(110.3)	(156.6)	(213.5)	(281.1)	(355.9)	(452.0)
6	by steel strength	V	lb	5,280	9,600	14,880	21,120	28,800	37,920	48,000	60,960
∆70(60		Vsa	(kN)	(23.5)	(42.7)	(66.2)	(94.0)	(128.1)	(168.7)	(213.5)	(271.2)
ASTM A706 Grade 60	Reduction for seismic shear	∕∕V,seis					0.	70			
S G	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ					0.	75			
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ					0.	65			

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf

¹ Values provided for common rod material types are based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.1.2) and Eq (17.7.1.2b), ACI 318-14 Eq. (17.4.1.2) and Eq (17.5.1.2b) or ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29). Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod. ² The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 11 D.4.4. determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

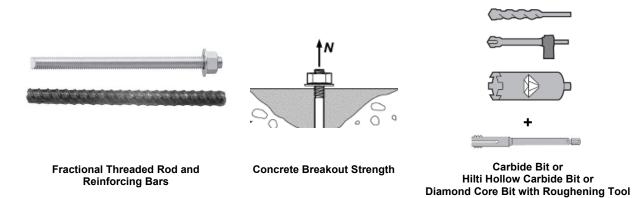


TABLE 12—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD AND REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

	Symbol Units Nominal rod diameter (in.) / Reinforcing bar size 3/8 or #3 1/2 or #4 5/8 or #5 3/4 or #6 7/8 or #7 1 or #8 #9 11/4 or #10									
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	³ / ₈ or #3	¹ / ₂ or #4	⁵ / ₈ or #5	-	⁷ / ₈ or #7	_	#9	1 ¹ / ₄ or #10
Effectiveness factor for cracked	k _{c,cr}	in-lb				1	7			
concrete	∧ _{C,C} r	(SI)				(7	.1)			
Effectiveness factor for	k _{c.uncr}	in-lb				2	24			
uncracked concrete	Nc,uncr	(SI)				(1	0)			
Minimum Embedment	h _{ef.min}	in.	2 ³ / ₈	2 ³ / ₄	3 ¹ / ₈	3 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ / ₂	4	4 ¹ / ₂	5
	l'let,min	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(114)	(127)
Maximum Embedment	b.	in.	7 ¹ / ₂	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	22 ¹ / ₂	25
	h _{ef,max}	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(572)	(635)
Min anahan ana sin n ³		in.	1 ⁷ / ₈	2 ¹ / ₂	3 ¹ / ₈	3 ³ / ₄	4 ³ / ₈	5	5 ⁵ /8	6 ¹ / ₄
Min. anchor spacing ³	Smin	(mm)	(48)	(64)	(79)	(95)	(111)	(127)	(143)	(159)
Min. edge distance		in.	1¾	1¾	2 (3)	2 ¹ / ₈ ⁽³⁾	21⁄4 (3)	2¾ ⁽³⁾		3 ¹ / ₈ ⁽³⁾
(Threaded rods)	Cmin	(mm)	(45)	(45)	(50) ⁽³⁾	(55) ⁽³⁾	(60) ⁽³⁾	(70) ⁽³⁾	n/a	(80) ⁽³⁾
Min. edge distance (Reinforcing bars) ³	C _{min}	-	5d; or se	e Section 4.	1.9.2 of this	report for d	esign with r	educed mini	mum edge	distances
Minimum concrete thickness	h _{min}	in. (mm)		+ 1 ¹ / ₄ + 30)			h _{ef} +	2 <i>d</i> ₀ ⁽⁴⁾		
Critical edge distance – splitting (for uncracked concrete)	Cac	-	(rei		See S	Section 4.1.	10.2 of this r	eport.		
Strength reduction factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B (supplemental reinforcement not present) ²	φ	-	- 0.65							
Strength reduction factor for shear, concrete failure modes, Condition B (supplemental reinforcement not present) ²	φ	-				0.	70			

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Additional setting information is described in Figure 6, Manufacturers Printed Installation Instructions (MPII).

² The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

³ For installations with 1³/₄-inch edge distance, refer to Section 4.1.9.2 for spacing and maximum torque requirements

⁴ d_0 = hole diameter.

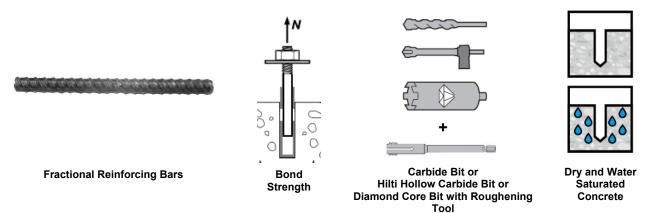


TABLE 13—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

DEGLONI								orcing ba	r size		
DESIGN	NFORMATION	Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10
Minimum	Embedment	h _{ef,min}	in. (mm)	2 ³ / ₈ (60)	2 ³ / ₄ (70)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	4 (102)	4 ¹ / ₂ (114)	5 (127)
Maximum	Embedment	h _{ef,max}	in. (mm)	7 ¹ / ₂ (191)	10 (254)	12 ¹ / ₂ (318)	15 (381)	17 ¹ / ₂ (445)	20 (508)	22 ¹ / ₂ (572)	25 (635)
ature e A²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (MPa)	1,080 (7.4)	1,080 (7.4)	1,090 (7.5)	1,090 (7.5)	835 (5.7)	840 (5.8)	850 (5.9)	850 (5.9)
Temperature range A²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	T _{k,uncr}	psi (MPa)	1,560 (10.8)	1,560 (10.8)	1,560 (10.8)	1,560 (10.8)	1,560 (10.8)	1,560 (10.8)	1,560 (10.8)	1,560 (10.8)
Temperature range B²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (MPa)	1,080 (7.4)	1,080 (7.4)	1,090 (7.5)	1,090 (7.5)	835 (5.7)	840 (5.8)	850 (5.9)	850 (5.9)
Tempe	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (MPa)	1,560 (10.8)	1,560 (10.8)	1,560 (10.8)	1,560 (10.8)	1,560 (10.8)	1,560 (10.8)	1,560 (10.8)	1,560 (10.8)
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (MPa)	885 (6.1)	890 (6.1)	895 (6.2)	895 (6.2)	685 (4.7)	690 (4.8)	700 (4.8)	700 (4.8)
Tempera range	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (MPa)	1,280 (8.8)	1,280 (8.8)	1,280 (8.8)	1,280 (8.8)	1,280 (8.8)	1,280 (8.8)	1,280 (8.8)	1,280 (8.8)
ssible ation tions	Dry concrete and water saturated concrete	Anchor Category	-				1				
Permissible installation conditions	၂ စိစ္စိုစိုစို	φd, Øws	-				0.0	65			
Reduction for seismic tension	Hammer drilled	αN,seis	-		0.8)		0.85	0.90	0.95	1.0
Reduction	Core drilled + roughening	α _{N,seis}	-	N//	A	0.71	0.77	0.82	0.95	0.79	0.83

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c, between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of (f'c / 2,500)^{0.1} [For SI: (f'c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 107°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C). Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 248°F (120°C), Maximum long term temperature = 162°F (72°C). Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

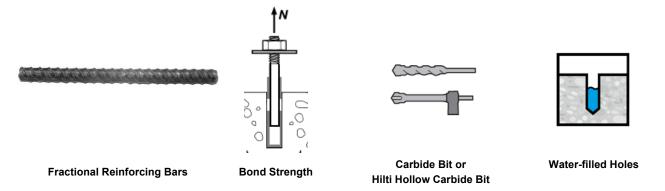


TABLE 14—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)

DEGLONU	NEODMATION	0 milest	11			Nom	inal reinf	forcing ba	ar size		
DESIGN	NFORMATION	Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10
Minimum	Embedment	h _{ef,min}	in. (mm)	2 ³ / ₈ (60)	$2^{3}/_{4}$ (70)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	4 (102)	$4^{1}/_{2}$ (114)	5 (127)
Maximum	Embedment	h _{ef,max}	in. (mm)	$7^{1}/_{2}$ (191)	10 (254)	$12^{1}/_{2}$ (318)	15 (381)	17 ¹ / ₂ (445)	20 (508)	$22^{1}/_{2}$ (572)	25 (635)
ature A²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (MPa)	1,050	1,050	1,070 (7.4)	1,070	820 (5.7)	820	830 (5.7)	830 (5.7)
Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi	1,520	1,520	1,520	1,520	1,520	1,520	1,520	1,520
	Characteristic bond strength		(MPa) psi	(10.5) 1,050	(10.5) 1,050	(10.5) 1,070	(10.5) 1,070	(10.5) 820	(10.5) 820	(10.5) 830	(10.5) 830
e B ²	in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(MPa)	(7.2)	(7.2)	(7.4)	(7.4)	(5.7)	(5.7)	(5.7)	(5.7)
Temperature range B²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (MPa)	1,520 (10.5)	1,520 (10.5)	1,520 (10.5)	1,520 (10.5)	1,520 (10.5)	1,520 (10.5)	1,520 (10.5)	1,520 (10.5)
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi	865	865	875	875	670	680	680	680
emperatur range C²			(MPa) psi	(6.0) 1,250	(6.0) 1,250	(6.1) 1,250	(6.1) 1,250	(4.6) 1,250	(4.7) 1,250	(4.7) 1,250	(4.7) 1,250
Tem	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(MPa)	(8.6)	(8.6)	(8.6)	(8.6)	(8.6)	(8.6)	(8.6)	(8.6)
ble on ns	Water-filled Holes	Anchor Category	-					3			
Permissible installation conditions		Øwf	-				0	.45			
Reduction for seismic tension	Hammer drilled	αn,seis	-		0.	80		0.85	0.90	0.95	1.0

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of (f_c / 2,500)^{0.1} [For SI: (f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 248°F (120°C), Maximum long term temperature = 162°F (72°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

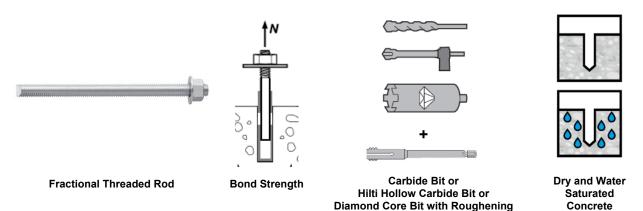


TABLE 15-BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

Tool

DEGION		o	11	Nominal rod diameter (in.)									
DESIGN	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	³ /8	¹ / ₂	⁵ /8	³ / ₄	7/8	1	1 ¹ / ₄			
Minimum	Embedment	h _{ef,min}	in. (mm)	2 ³ / ₈ (60)	2 ³ / ₄ (70)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	4 (102)	5 (127)			
Maximum	n Embedment	h _{ef,max}	in. (mm)	7 ¹ / ₂ (191)	10 (254)	12 ¹ / ₂ (318)	15 (381)	17 ¹ / ₂ (445)	20 (508)	25 (635)			
е	Characteristic bond		psi	1,045	1,135	1,170	1,260	1,290	1,325	1,380			
Temperature range A ²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(MPa)	(7.2)	(7.8)	(8.1)	(8.7)	(8.9)	(9.1)	(9.5)			
mpe ang	Characteristic bond	_	psi	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220			
Te	strength in uncracked concrete	𝒯k,uncr	(MPa)	(15.3)	(15.3)	(15.3)	(15.3)	(15.3)	(15.3)	(15.3)			
e	Characteristic bond	_	psi	1,045	1,135	1,170	1,260	1,290	1,325	1,380			
Temperature range B²	strength in cracked concrete	T _{k,cr}	(MPa)	(7.2)	(7.8)	(8.1)	(8.7)	(8.9)	(9.1)	(9.5)			
mpe rang	Characteristic bond	_	psi	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220			
- Te	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(MPa)	(15.3)	(15.3)	(15.3)	(15.3)	(15.3)	(15.3)	(15.3)			
е	Characteristic bond		psi	855	930	960	1,035	1,055	1,085	1,130			
Temperature range C ²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(MPa)	(5.9)	(6.4)	(6.6)	(7.1)	(7.3)	(7.5)	(7.8)			
mpe	Characteristic bond		psi	1,820	1,820	1,820	1,820	1,820	1,820	1,820			
Те	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(MPa)	(12.6)	(12.6)	(12.6)	(12.6)	(12.6)	(12.6)	(12.6)			
ole on sr	Dry and water	Anchor Category	-				1						
Permissible installation conditions	saturated concrete	φd, Øws	-				0.65						
or seismic ion	Hammer drilled	α N,seis	-	0.88	0.99	0.99	1.0	1.0	0.95	0.99			
Reduction for seismic tension	Core drilled +	ŒN,seis	-	Ν	/A	0.88	0.96	0.96	1.0	0.82			

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c / 2,500)^{0.1}$ [For SI: $(f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C). Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 248°F (120°C), Maximum long term temperature = 162°F (72°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

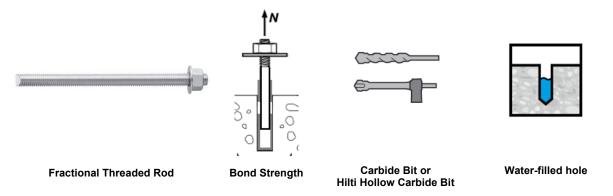


TABLE 16—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)

				Nominal rod diameter (in.)									
DESIGN	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	³ / ₈	¹ / ₂	⁵ /8	³ / ₄	7/ ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₄			
Minimun	n Embedment	h _{ef,min}	in. (mm)	2 ³ / ₈ (60)	2 ³ / ₄ (70)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	4 (102)	5 (127)			
Maximur	m Embedment	h _{ef,max}	in. (mm)	7 ¹ / ₂ (191)	10 (254)	12 ¹ / ₂ (318)	15 (381)	17 ¹ / ₂ (445)	20 (508)	25 (635)			
ature A ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked	Tk,cr	psi (MPa)	825 (5.7)	875 (6.0)	865 (6.0)	910 (6.3)	890 (6.1)	885 (6.1)	840 (5.8)			
Temperature range A ²	<u>concrete</u> Characteristic bond strength in uncracked	Tk,uncr	psi	1,755	1,710	1,645	1,600	1,535	1,490	1,355			
	concrete Characteristic bond strength in cracked	Tk,cr	(MPa) psi	(12.1) 825	(11.8) 875	(11.3) 865	(11) 910	(10.6) 890	(10.3) 885	(9.3) 840			
Temperature range B²	concrete Characteristic bond	,2	(MPa) psi	(5.7) 1,755	(6.0) 1,710	(6.0) 1,645	(6.3) 1,600	(6.1) 1,535	(6.1) 1,490	(5.8) 1,355			
Ter	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(MPa)	(12.1)	(11.8)	(11.3)	(11.0)	(10.6)	(10.3)	(9.3)			
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	psi (MPa)	675 (4.7)	715 (4.9)	710 (4.9)	745 (5.1)	730 (5.0)	730 (5.0)	690 (4.8)			
Tempera range (Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (MPa)	1,440 (9.9)	1,405 (9.7)	1,350 (9.3)	1,310 (9.0)	1,260 (8.7)	1,220 (8.4)	1,110 (7.7)			
sible tion ons		Anchor Category	-				3		I				
Permissible installation conditions	J	Øwf	-				0.45						
Reduction for seismic tension	Hammer drilled	α _{N,seis}	-	0.88	0.99	0.99	1.0	1.0	0.95	0.99			

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of ($f_c / 2,500$)^{0.1} [For SI: ($f_c / 17.2$)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

² Temperature range A: Maximum short-term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long-term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short-term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long-term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range C: Maximum short-term temperature = 248°F (120°C), Maximum long-term temperature = 162°F (72°C).

short-term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. long-term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.





Metric Threaded Rod and EU Metric **Reinforcing Bars**

Steel Strength

TABLE 17—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD AND EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS

DEGIO		Querry has h	Unite			N	ominal rod o	diameter (r	nm)1				
DESIG	N INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	2	20	24	27	30		
Rod O	utside Diameter	d	mm	10	12	16	2	20	24	27	30		
		ŭ	(in.)	(0.39)	(0.47)	(0.63	3) (0	.79)	(0.94)	(1.06)	(1.18)		
Rod ef	fective cross-sectional area	Ase	mm ²	58.0	84.3	157	2	45	353	459	561		
		7.36	(in. ²)	(0.090)	(0.131)	(0.24	3) (0.	380)	(0.547)	(0.711)	(0.870)		
		N _{sa}	kN	29.0	42.0	78.5	5 12	22.5	176.5	229.5	280.5		
	Nominal strength as governed by steel	50	(lb)	(6,519)	(9,476)	(17,64		,539)	(39,679)	(51,594)	(63,059)		
38-1 5.8	strength	V _{sa}	kN	14.5	25.5	47.0		3.5	106.0	137.5	168.5		
ISO 898-1 Class 5.8			(lb)	(3,260) (5,685) (10,588) (16,523) (23,807) (30,956) (37,835)									
<u>s</u> D	Reduction for seismic shear	∕∕V,seis	-	1.00									
	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ	-				0	.65					
	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	φ	φ - 0.60					.60					
		Nsa	kN	46.5	67.5	125.	5 19	96.0	282.5	367.0	449.0		
	Nominal strength as governed by steel		(lb)	(10,431)	(15,161)) (28,23	36) (44	,063)	(63,486)	(82,550)	(100,894)		
8-1 8.8	– _∞ strength ∞ ∞		kN	23.0	40.5	75.5	5 11	7.5	169.5	220.5	269.5		
SO 898-1 Class 8.8		V _{sa}	(lb)	(5,216)	(9,097)	(16,94	42) (26	,438)	(38,092)	(49,530)	(60,537)		
<u>S</u> 2	Reduction for seismic shear	∕∕V,seis	-				1	.00					
	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ	-				0	.65					
	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	ϕ	-				0	.60					
		Nsa	kN	40.6	59.0	109.	9 17	1.5	247.1	183.1	223.8		
ass "	Nominal strength as governed by steel	1458	(lb)	(9,127)	(13,266)) (24,70	06) (38	,555)	(55,550)	(41,172)	(50,321)		
l Cla	strength	V _{sa}	kN	20.3	35.4	65.9	9 10	02.9	148.3	109.9	134.3		
06-1 tainl		v sa	(lb)	(4,564)	(7,960)	(14,82	24) (23	,133)	(33,330)	(24,703)	(30,192)		
ISO 3506-1 Class A4 Stainless ³	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-				0	.80					
/ ISC	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	ϕ	-				0	.65					
	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	ϕ	-				0	.60					
DESIC	N INFORMATION	Symbol	Units				Reinforci	ng bar size	•				
DESIG	IN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	14	16	20	25	28	32		
Nomin	al bar diameter	d	mm	10.0	12.0	14.0	16.0	20.0	25.0	28.0	32.0		
NOITIITA		u	(in.)	(0.394)	(0.472)	(0.551)	(0.630)	(0.787)	(0.984) (1.102)	(1.260)		
Der off		4	mm ²	78.5	113.1	153.9	201.1	314.2	490.9	615.8	804.2		
Darene	ective cross-sectional area	Ase	(in.²)	(0.122)	(0.175)	(0.239)	(0.312)	(0.487)	(0.761) (0.954)	(1.247)		
			kN	43.0	62.0	84.5	110.5	173.0	270.0	338.5	442.5		
/500	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	(lb)	(9,711)	(13,984)	(19,034)	(24,860)	(38,844)) (60,694) (76,135)	(99,441)		
550/	្អ្វី strength		kN	26.0	37.5	51.0	66.5	103.0	162.0	203.0	265.5		
3St	3St 5		(lb)	(5,827)	(8,390)	(11,420)	(14,916)	(23,307)) (36,416	6) (45,681)	(59,665)		
88	8 Reduction for seismic shear		-				0	.70	•		•		
8				0.65									
DIN 488 BSt 550/500	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ	-				0	.65					

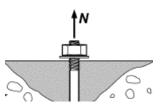
For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

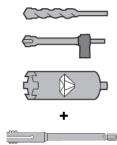
³ A4-70 Stainless (M8- M24); A4-502 Stainless (M27- M30)

¹ Values provided for common rod material types are based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.1.2) and Eq (17.7.1.2b), ACI 318-14 Eq. (17.4.1.2) and Eq (17.5.1.2b) or ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29). Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod. ² The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3

or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.







Metric Threaded Rod and EU Metric **Reinforcing Bars**

Carbide Bit or Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit or **Diamond Core Bit with Roughening Tool**

TABLE 18-CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD AND EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL

Concrete Breakout Strength

			Nominal rod diameter (mm)								
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	1	6 2	20	24		27	30
Minimum Embodment	h	mm	60	70	80) 9	90	96		108	120
Minimum Embedment	h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.4)	(2.8)	(3.	1) (3	.5)	(3.8)	((4.3)	(4.7)
Maximum Embedment	h _{ef.max}	mm	200	240	32	0 4	00	480	;	540	600
	l let,max	(in.)	(7.9)	(9.4)	(12	.6) (1	5.7)	(18.9)	(2	21.3)	(23.6)
Min. anchor spacing ³	Smin	mm	50								150
·······		(in.)	(2.0)								(5.9)
Min. edge distance ³	Cmin	-	5d; or see	Section	4.1.9.2 o	f this repo edge dis		esign w	ith re	duced n	ninimum
	6	mm	h _{ef} + 30				b . 0	J (4)			
Minimum concrete thickness	h _{min}	(in.)	$(h_{ef} + 1^{1}/_{4})$	$h_{ef} + 2d_o^{(4)}$							
				Reinforcing bar size							
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	14	16	20	2	5	28	32
Minimum Fuch a due aut	h	mm	60	70	75	80	90	10	0	112	128
Minimum Embedment	h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.4)	(2.8)	(3.0)	(3.1)	(3.5	(3.	9)	(4.4)	(5.0)
Movimum Embodmont	h	mm	200	240	280	320	400	50	0	560	640
Maximum Embedment	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(7.9)	(9.4)	(11.0)	(12.6)	(15.7) (19	.7)	(22.0)	(25.2)
Min. anchor spacing ³	Smin	mm	50	60	80	100	120	13	5	140	160
Min. anchor spacing	Smin	(in.)	(2.0)	(2.4)	(3.2)	(3.9)	(4.7) (5.	3)	(5.5)	(6.3)
Min. edge distance ³	Cmin	-	5d; or see	e Section	14.1.9 of	this repo edge dis		sign wit	h red	duced m	inimum
	4	mm	h _{ef} + 30				<i>L</i> . 0	-1 (4)			
Minimum concrete thickness	h _{min}	(in.)	$(h_{ef} + 1^{1}/_{4})$				h _{ef} + 2	J o ⁽⁻⁾			
Critical edge distance – splitting (for uncracked concrete)	C _{ac}	-			See Sec	tion 4.1.1	0.2 of t	nis repo	rt.		
Effectiveness factor for cracked		SI				7.	1				
concrete	k _{c,cr}	(in-lb)				(1	7)				
Effectiveness factor for uncracked		SI				1	-				
concrete	K _{c,uncr}	(in-lb)				(24	4)				
Strength reduction factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B (supplemental reinforcement not present) ²	φ	-		0.65							
Strength reduction factor for shear, concrete failure modes, Condition B(supplemental reinforcement not present) ²	φ	-				0.7	70				

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

Additional setting information is described in Figure 6, Manufacturers Printed Installation Instructions (MPII).

² The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. ³ For installations with 1³/₄-inch edge distance, refer to Section 4.1.9.2 for spacing and maximum torque requirements.

⁴ d_0 = hole diameter.

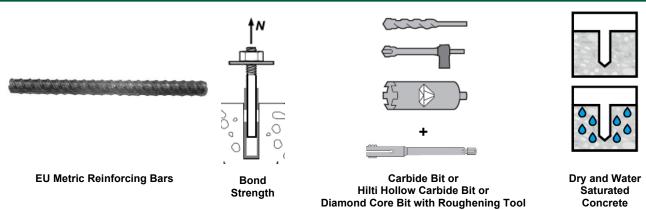


TABLE 19—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

				-				ng bar size			
DESIGN	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	14	16	20	25	28	32
Minimum	n Embedment	h _{ef,min}	mm (in.)	60 (2.4)	70 (2.8)	75 (3.0)	80 (3.1)	90 (3.5)	100 (3.9)	112 (4.4)	128 (5.0)
Maximur	n Embedment	h _{ef,max}	mm (in.)	200 (7.9)	240 (9.4)	280 (11.0)	320 (12.6)	400 (15.7)	500 (19.7)	560 (22.0)	640 (25.2)
emperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	MPa (psi)	7.4 (1,075)	7.5 (1,080)	7.5 (1,085)	7.5 (1,090)	7.5 (1,095)	5.8 (840)	5.8 (845)	5.9 (850)
Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	MPa (psi)	10.8 (1,560)							
rature e B²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	T _{k,cr}	MPa (psi)	7.4 (1,075)	7.5 (1,080)	7.5 (1,085)	7.5 (1,090)	7.5 (1,095)	5.8 (840)	5.8 (845)	5.9 (850)
Temperature range B²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	MPa (psi)	10.8 (1,560)							
rrature e C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	MPa (psi)	6.1 (885)	6.1 (885)	6.1 (890)	6.2 (895)	6.2 (900)	4.8 (690)	4.8 (695)	4.8 (700)
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	MPa (psi)	8.8 (1,280)							
Permissible Installation Conditions	Dry and water saturated concrete	Anchor Category	-					1			
Permissible Installation Conditions		Ød, Øws	-				0.	65			
or seismic ion	E Hammer drilled	$lpha_{N,seis}$	-			0.80			0.85	0.90	1.00
Reduction for seismic tension	Core drilled +	<i>α</i> N,seis	-		N/A		0.71	0.77	0.86	0.78	0.86

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c, between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of (fc / 2,500)^{0.1} [For SI: (fc / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature =110°F (43°C). Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C). Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 248°F (120°C), Maximum long term temperature = 162°F (72°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are

roughly constant over significant periods of time.

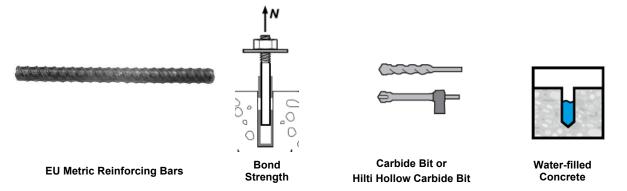


TABLE 20—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)

DESIGNU	DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Unite			Nom	inal reinf	orcing ba	ar size		
DESIGNI	NFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	14	16	20	25	28	32
Minimum	Embedment	h _{ef,min}	in. (mm)	2 ³ / ₈ (60)	2 ³ / ₄ (70)	3 ¹ / ₈ (79)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	3 ¹ / ₂ (89)	4 (102)	4 ¹ / ₂ (114)	5 (127)
Maximum	Embedment	h _{ef,max}	in. (mm)	7 ¹ / ₂ (191)	10 (254)	12 ¹ / ₂ (318)	15 (381)	17 ¹ / ₂ (445)	20 (508)	22 ¹ / ₂ (572)	25 (635)
ature ∍ A²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	MPa (psi)	(7.2) 1,050	(7.2) 1,050	(7.2) 1,050	(7.4) 1,070	(7.4) 1,070	(5.7) 820	(5.7) 820	(5.7) 830
Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	MPa (psi)	(10.5) 1,520	(10.5) 1,520	(10.5) 1,520	(10.5)	(10.5) 1,520	(10.5) 1,520	(10.5) 1,520	(10.5) 1,520
ature B ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	MPa (psi)	(7.2)	(7.2)	(7.2)	(7.4)	(7.4)	(5.7)	(5.7)	(5.7)
Temperature range B²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	T _{k,uncr}	MPa (psi)	(10.5)	(10.5)	(10.5)	(10.5)	(10.5)	(10.5)	(10.5)	(10.5)
e C ²	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	MPa (psi)	(6.0) 865	(6.0) 865	(6.0) 865	(6.1) 875	(6.1) 875	(4.7) 680	(4.7) 680	(4.7) 680
Temperature range C ²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	MPa (psi)	(8.6) 1,250	(8.6) 1,250	(8.6) 1,250	(8.6) 1,250	(8.6) 1,250	(8.6) 1,250	(8.6) 1,250	(8.6) 1,250
sible tion ons	Water-filled Hole	Anchor Category	-					3			
Permissible installation conditions	J	$\phi_{ m wf}$	-				0	.45			
Reduction for seismic tension	Reduction for seismic tension tension		-		0.	80		0.85	0.90	0.95	1.0

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of (f_c / 2,500)^{0.1} [For SI: (f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 248°F (120°C), Maximum long term temperature = 162°F (72°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

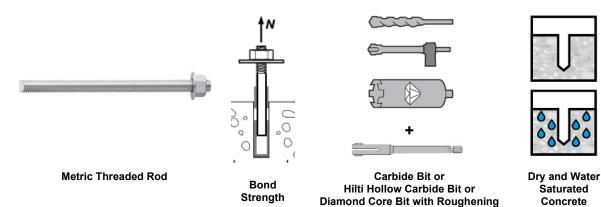


TABLE 21—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

Tool

	ESIGN INFORMATION					Nomina	al rod diamet	er (mm)		
DESIGN	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
N 41-10-1-10-1	Fuchaduraut	4	mm	60	70	80	90	96	108	120
winimum	Embedment	h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.4)	(2.8)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(3.8)	(4.3)	(4.7)
	F ach a day and	4	mm	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
Maximum	n Embedment	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(7.9)	(9.4)	(12.6)	(15.7)	(18.9)	(21.3)	(23.6)
e	Characteristic bond		MPa	7.3	7.6	8.1	8.8	9.0	9.2	9.4
Temperature range A ²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(1,055)	(1,105)	(1,170)	(1,270)	(1,305)	(1,340)	(1,365)
mpe	Characteristic bond		MPa	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3
Te	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(2,220)	(2,220)	(2,220)	(2,220)	(2,220)	(2,220)	(2,220)
e	Characteristic bond		MPa	7.3	7.6	8.1	8.8	9.0	9.2	9.4
Temperature range B²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(1,055)	(1,105)	(1,170)	(1,270)	(1,305)	(1,340)	(1,365)
mpe	Characteristic bond		MPa	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3
Te	strength in uncracked concrete	T _{k,uncr}	(psi)	(2,220)	(2,220)	(2,220)	(2,220)	(2,220)	(2,220)	(2,220)
e	Characteristic bond		MPa	6.0	6.3	6.6	7.2	7.4	7.6	7.7
Temperature range C ²	strength in cracked concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	(psi)	(865)	(905)	(960)	(1,040)	(1,070)	(1,095)	(1,120)
mpe ang	Characteristic bond		MPa	12.6	12.6	12.6	12.6	12.6	12.6	12.6
Те	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,820)	(1,820)	(1,820)	(1,820)	(1,820)	(1,820)	(1,820)
sible Ition ons		Anchor Category	-				1			
Permissible Installation Conditions		φd, Øws	-				0.65			
or seismic ion	Hammer drilled	α N,seis	-	0.88	0.88	0.99	1.0	0.95	0.95	0.95
Reduction for seismic tension	Core drilled +	<i>α</i> _{N,seis}	-	N	/A	0.88	0.96	0.96	0.82	0.82

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

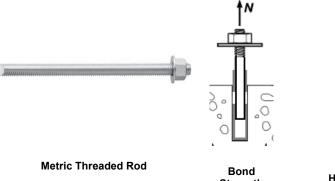
¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of (f_c / 2,500)^{0.1} [For SI: (f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

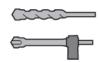
² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = $176^{\circ}F(80^{\circ}C)$, Maximum long term temperature = $110^{\circ}F(43^{\circ}C)$. Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = $248^{\circ}F(120^{\circ}C)$, Maximum long term temperature = $162^{\circ}F(72^{\circ}C)$.

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are

roughly constant over significant periods of time.







Strength

Carbide Bit or Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit

Water-filled hole

TABLE 22—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)

		Ourseland	Unite			Nomina	rod diame	ter (mm)		
DESIGN INF	ORMATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
Minimum En	abadmaat	h	mm	60	70	80	90	96	108	120
	nbedment	h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.4)	(2.8)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(3.8)	(4.3)	(4.7)
Maximum Er	mbadmant	<i>b</i>	mm	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
Maximum Er	mbeament	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(7.9)	(9.4)	(12.6)	(15.7)	(18.9)	(21.3)	(23.6)
e	Characteristic bond		MPa	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.2	6.1	6.0	5.9
Temperature range A ²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(835)	(850)	(865)	(900)	(885)	(870)	(860)
mpe	Characteristic bond		MPa	12.1	11.8	11.3	10.9	10.4	10.0	9.7
Те	strength in <i>Tk,uncr</i> uncracked concrete		(psi)	(1755)	(1710)	(1645)	(1580)	(1510)	(1445)	(1400)
e	Characteristic bond		MPa	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.2	6.1	6.0	5.9
⊦ratu e B²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(835)	(850)	(865)	(900)	(885)	(870)	(860)
Temperature range B²	Characteristic bond		MPa	12.1	11.8	11.3	10.9	10.4	10.0	9.7
Те	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1755)	(1710)	(1645)	(1580)	(1510)	(1445)	(1400)
2 Z	Characteristic bond		MPa	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.9
Temperature range C²	strength in cracked concrete	T _{k,cr}	(psi)	(685)	(700)	(710)	(740)	(725)	(715)	(705)
emp	Characteristic bond	Tk,uncr	MPa	9.9	9.7	9.3	8.9	8.5	8.2	7.9
<u> </u>	strength in		(nei)	(1440)	(1405)	(1350)	(1205)	(1240)	(1185)	(1150)
ible ion ons	Water-filled hole	Anchor Category	-				3			
Permissible Installation Conditions	þ	Øwf	-				0.45			
Reduction for seismic tension	Hammer drilled	$lpha_{\!\scriptscriptstyle N,seis}$	-	0.88	0.88	0.99	1.0	0.95	0.95	0.95

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c, between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of (f_c / 2,500)^{0.1} [For SI: (f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

² Temperature range A: Maximum short-term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long-term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short-term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long-term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range C: Maximum short-term temperature = 248°F (120°C), Maximum long-term temperature = 162°F (72°C).

short-term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. long-term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.





Canadian Reinforcing Bars Steel Strength TABLE 23—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR CANADIAN METRIC REINFORCING BARS

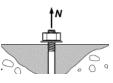
DESI	DESIGN INFORMATION		Units			Bar size		
DESI	GN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10 M	15 M	20 M	25 M	30 M
Nomi	nal bar diameter	d	mm	11.3	16.0	19.5	25.2	29.9
NOITI			(in.)	(0.445)	(0.630)	(0.768)	(0.992)	(1.177)
Poro	ar effective cross-sectional area		mm ²	100.3	201.1	298.6	498.8	702.2
Dare	ar effective cross-sectional area		(in.²)	(0.155)	(0.312)	(0.463)	(0.773)	(1.088)
		N	kN	54.0	108.5	161.5	270.0	380.0
	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength	N _{sa} V _{sa}	(lb)	(12,175)	(24,408)	(36,255)	(60,548)	(85,239)
õ	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength		kN	32.5	65.0	97.0	161.5	227.5
4 G30		V sa	(lb)	(7,305)	(14,645)	(21,753)	(36,329)	(51,144)
CS/	Keduction for seismic shear Strength reduction factor for tension ¹ Strength reduction factor for shear ¹		-			0.70		
			-			0.65		
			-			0.60		

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ For use with the load combinations of ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3. Values correspond to a brittle steel element.







Canadian Reinforcing Bars

Concrete Breakout Strength

Carbide Bit or Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit or **Diamond Core Bit with Roughening Tool**

TABLE 24—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR CANADIAN METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units			Bar size		
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10 M	15 M	20 M	25 M	30 M
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	k	SI			7.1		
	k _{c,cr}	(in-lb)			(17)		
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	k _{c.uncr}	SI			10		
	nc,uncr	(in-lb)			(24)		-
Minimum Embedment	h _{ef.min}	mm	70	80	90	101	120
	l'et,min	(in.)	(2.8)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(4.0)	(4.7)
Maximum Embedment	h.	mm	226	320	390	504	598
	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(8.9)	(12.6)	(15.4)	(19.8)	(23.5)
Min. bar spacing ³	Smin	mm	57	80	98	126	150
	Smin	(in.)	(2.2)	(3.1)	(3.8)	(5.0)	(5.9)
Min. edge distance ³	C _{min}	mm	5d; or see Se	ction 4.1.9.2 of t	his report for de	sign with reduced	minimum edge
win. edge distance	Cmin	(in.)			distances		
Minimum concrete thickness	h _{min}	mm	h _{ef} + 30		hat	+ 2d₀ ⁽⁴⁾	
	rimin	(in.)	(h _{ef} + 1 ¹ / ₄)		Tier	200	
Critical edge distance – splitting	Cac	-		See Se	ction 4.1.10.2 of	this report.	
(for uncracked concrete)							
Strength reduction factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B (supplemental reinforcement not	φ	_			0.65		
present) ²	φ	_			0.00		
Strength reduction factor for shear, concrete failure modes,	φ	_	0.70				
Condition B (supplemental reinforcement not present) ² For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 pci = 0.006807 MPa	Ψ	-			0.70		

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi ¹ Additional setting information is described in Figure 6, Manufacturers Printed Installation Instructions (MPII).

² The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

³ For installations with 1³/₄-inch edge distance, refer to Section 4.1.9.2 for spacing and maximum torque requirements. ⁴ d_0 = hole diameter.

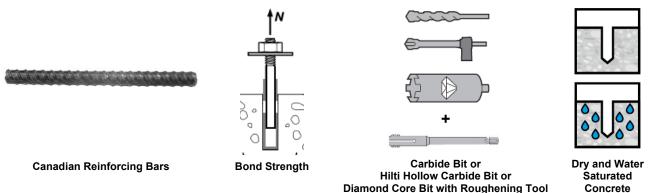


TABLE 25—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR CANADIAN METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

DECIO	NEODUATION	a	1111			Bar size		
DESIGN	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10 M	15 M	20 M	25 M	30 M
N 41-12-1-12-1-12	n Embedment	6	mm	70	80	90	101	120
winimum	n Empedment	h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.8)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(4.0)	(4.7)
Maximum	n Embedment	h	mm	226	320	390	504	598
Maximur	n Embedment	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(8.9)	(12.6)	(15.4)	(19.8)	(23.5)
e	Characteristic bond		MPa	7.4	7.5	7.5	5.8	5.9
Temperature range A ²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(1,075)	(1,085)	(1,095)	(840)	(850)
mpe rang	Characteristic bond		MPa	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8
- Te	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,560)	(1,560)	(1,560)	(1,560)	(1,560)
ē	Characteristic bond		MPa	7.4	7.5	7.5	5.8	5.9
Temperature range B²	strength in cracked concrete	τ _{k,cr}	(psi)	(1,075)	(1,085)	(1,095)	(840)	(850)
mpe ang	Characteristic bond		MPa	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8
Te	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,560)	(1,560)	(1,560)	(1,560)	(1,560)
e	Characteristic bond		MPa	6.1	6.2	6.2	4.8	4.8
Temperature range C ²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(885)	(895)	(900)	(690)	(700)
mpe ang	Characteristic bond		MPa	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8
Te	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,280)	(1,280)	(1,280)	(1,280)	(1,280)
sible ition ons	Dry and water saturated concrete	Anchor Category	-			1		
Permissible installation conditions	ြ ုစ်ချစ်စိ	Ød, Øws	-			0.65		
or seismic ion	Hammer drilled	$lpha_{N,seis}$	-		0.80		0.85	0.97
Reduction for seismic tension	Core drilled +	$lpha_{\!\!\!N,seis}$	-	N/A	0.71	0.77	N/	A

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength *f*_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, *f*_c, between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of (*f*_c / 2,500)^{0.1} [For SI: (*f*_c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C). Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C). Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 248°F (120°C), Maximum long term temperature = 162°F (72°C).

Water-filled

Holes

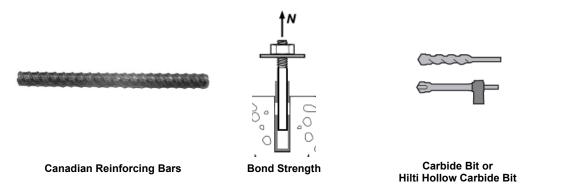


TABLE 26—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR CANADIAN METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)

DEGION	ESIGN INFORMATION	0 milest	11			Bar size		
DESIGN	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10 M	15 M	20 M	25 M	30 M
Minimum	n Embedment	h	mm	70	80	90	101	120
WINIMUM	TEmpedment	h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.8)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(4.0)	(4.7)
Movimum	n Embedment	h	mm	226	320	390	504	598
Maximur	II EIIIbediileili	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(8.9)	(12.6)	(15.4)	(19.8)	(23.5)
Le	Characteristic bond		MPa	7.3	7.4	7.4	5.7	5.8
Temperature range A ²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(1,050)	(1,070)	(1,070)	(820)	(830)
empe rang	Characteristic bond		MPa	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
Те	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,520)	(1,520)	(1,520)	(1,520)	(1,520)
lre	Characteristic bond	_	MPa	7.3	7.4	7.4	5.7	5.8
Temperature range B ²	strength in cracked concrete	T _{k,cr}	(psi)	(1,050)	(1,070)	(1,070)	(820)	(830)
mpe ang	Characteristic bond		MPa	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
Te	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,520)	(1,520)	(1,520)	(1,520)	(1,520)
Le	Characteristic bond		MPa	6.0	6.1	6.1	4.7	6.0
e C ²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(865)	(875)	(875)	(680)	(865)
Temperature range C²	Characteristic bond		MPa	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6
Те	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,250)	(1,250)	(1,250)	(1,250)	(1,250)
ssible ation tions	Water-filled Holes	Anchor Category	-			3		
Permissible installation conditions	J	Øwf	-			0.45		
Reduction for seismic tension	Hammer drilled	∕XN,seis	-		0.80		0.85	0.97

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of (f_c / 2,500)^{0.1} [For SI: (f_c / 17.2)^{0.1}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C). Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 248°F (120°C), Maximum long term temperature = 162°F (72°C)

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.





Fractional and Metric HIS-N and HIS-RN **Internal Threaded Insert**

Steel Strength

TABLE 27—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HIS-N AND HIS-RN THREADED INSERTS¹

DESIGN INFORMATION		Symbol	Units	Nomina	al Bolt/Caj (in.) Fra	o Screw D actional	iameter	Units	No		lt/Cap Scr mm) Metri	ew Diame ic	ter
		-		³ /8	¹ / ₂	⁵ /8	³ / ₄		8	10	12	16	20
		_	in.	0.65	0.81	1.00	1.09	mm	12.5	16.5	20.5	25.4	27.6
HIS INS	ert O.D.	D	(mm)	(16.5)	(20.5)	(25.4)	(27.6)	(in.)	(0.49)	(0.65)	(0.81)	(1.00)	(1.09)
	a utila us sutila		in.	4.33	4.92	6.69	8.07	mm	90	110	125	170	205
HIS INS	ert length	L	(mm)	(110)	(125)	(170)	(205)	(in.)	(3.54)	(4.33)	(4.92)	(6.69)	(8.07)
	ective cross-	Ase	in. ²	0.0775	0.1419	0.2260	0.3345	mm ²	36.6	58	84.3	157	245
section		7150	(mm ²)	(50)	(92)	(146)	(216)	(in. ²)	(0.057)	(0.090)	(0.131)	(0.243)	(0.380)
HIS ins section	ert effective cross-	Ainsert	in. ²	0.178	0.243	0.404	0.410	mm^2	51.5	108	169.1	256.1	237.6
section			(mm ²)	(115)	(157)	(260)	(265)	(in. ²)	(0.080)	(0.167)	(0.262)	(0.397)	(0.368)
~	Nominal steel	Nsa	lb	9,690	17,740	28,250	41,815	kN	-	-	-	-	-
3 B7	strength – ASTM		(kN)	(43.1)	(78.9)	(125.7)	(186.0)	(lb)	-	-	-	-	-
V19:	A193 B7 ³ bolt/cap screw	Vsa	lb	5,815	10,645	16,950	25,090	kN	-	-	-	-	-
Σ			(kN)	(25.9)	(47.3)	(75.4)	(111.6)	(lb)	-	-	-	-	-
ASTM A193	Nominal steel		lb	12,650	16,195	26,925	27,360	kN	-	-	-	-	-
4	strength – HIS-N insert	N _{sa}	(kN)	(56.3)	(72.0)	(119.8)	(121.7)	(lb)	-	-	-	-	-
			lb	8,525	15,610	24,860	36,795	kN	-	-	-	-	-
ss SS	Nominal steel strength – ASTM	N _{sa}	(kN)	(37.9)	(69.4)	(110.6)	(163.7)	(lb)	-	-	-	-	-
190 190	A193 Grade B8M		lb j	5,115	9,365	14,915	22,075	kN	-	-	-	-	-
M ⊳ B8	SS bolt/cap screw	Vsa	(kN)	(22.8)	(41.7)	(66.3)	(98.2)	(lb)	_	-	-	_	-
ASTM A193 Grade B8M S	Nominal steel		lb	17,165	23,430	38,955	39,535	kN	-	-	-	-	-
0	strength – HIS-RN insert	Nsa	(kN)	(76.3)	(104.2)	(173.3)	(175.9)	(lb)	-	-	-	-	-
			lb	-	-	-	-	kN	29.5	46.5	67.5	125.5	196.0
	Nominal steel strength – ISO 898-	N _{sa}	(kN)	-	-	-	-	(lb)	(6,582)	(10,431)	(15,161)	(28,236)	(44,063)
8-7 8.8	1 Class 8.8 bolt/cap		lb	-	-	-	-	kN	17.5	28.0	40.5	75.5	117.5
ISO 898-1 Class 8.8	screw	Vsa	(kN)	-	-	-	-	(lb)	(3,949)	(6,259)	(9,097)	(16,942)	(26,438)
<u>S</u> S S S S S	Nominal steel		lb	-	-	-	-	kN	25.0	53.0	78.0	118.0	110.0
	strength – HIS-N insert	Nsa	(kN)	-	-	-	-	(lb)	(5,669)	(11,894)	(17,488)	(26,483)	(24,573)
	Nominal steel		lb	-	-	-	-	kN	25.5	40.5	59.0	110.0	171.5
ass	strength – ISO	N _{sa}	(kN)	-	-	-	-	(lb)	(5,760)	(9,127)	(13,266)	(24,706)	(38,555)
inle, C	3506-1 Class A4-70		lb	-	_	_	_	kN	15.5	24.5	35.5	66.0	103.0
)6-1 Sta	Stainless bolt/cap screw	Vsa	(kN)	_	_	_	_	(lb)	(3,456)	(5,476)	(7,960)	(14,824)	(23,133)
35(-70	Nominal steel		lb	_	_	_	_	(ID) kN	36.0	75.5	118.5	179.5	166.5
ISO 3506-1 Class A4-70 Stainless	strength –	N _{sa}	(kN)	-	-	-	-	(lb)	(8,099)	(16,991)	(26,612)		(37,394)
			. ,	(,)	, ,)	,	, ,,	, , , , ,					
Reduct	ion for seismic shear	∕∕V,seis	-	0.94				-			0.94		
Strengt for tens	h reduction factor ion ²	φ	-		0.	65		-	0.65				
Strengt for she	h reduction factor ar ²	φ	-		0.	60		-			0.60		

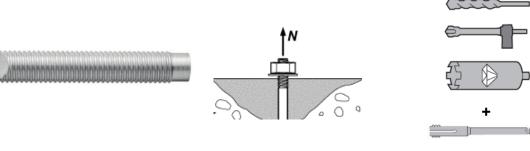
For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Values provided for common rod material types based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.1.2), ACI 318-14 Eq.

¹ Values provided for common rod material types based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.1.2), ACI 318-14 Eq. (17.4.1.2), ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-2). Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod.
 ² The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

³ For the calculation of the design steel strength in tension and shear for the bolt or screw, the ϕ factor for ductile steel failure according to ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 can be used.



Fractional and Metric HIS-N and HIS-RN Internal Threaded Insert

Concrete Breakout Strength

Carbide Bit or Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit or Diamond Core Bit with Roughening Tool

TABLE 28—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nominal Bolt/Cap Screw Diameter (in.) Fractional				Units	No	minal Bol (۱	t/Cap Scr nm) Metr		eter
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	³ / ₈	¹ / ₂	⁵ / ₈	³ / ₄	Onits	8	10	12	16	20
Effectiveness factor for		in-lb	I-lb 17		SI	7.1						
cracked concrete	K _{c,cr}	(SI)	(7.1)				(in-lb)	(17)				
Effectiveness factor for	4	in-lb		2	24		SI			10		
uncracked concrete	K _{c,uncr}	(SI)	(10)				(in-lb)			(24)		
	h	in.	4 ³ / ₈	5	6 ³ / ₄	8 ¹ / ₈	mm	90	110	125	170	205
Effective embedment depth	h _{ef}	(mm)	(110)	(125)	(170)	(205)	(in.)	(3.5)	(4.3)	(4.9)	(6.7)	(8.1)
Min. anchor spacing ³	_	in.	31/4	4	5	5 ¹ / ₂	mm	63	83	102	127	140
	S _{min}	(mm)	(83)	(102)	(127)	(140)	(in.)	(2.5)	(3.25)	(4.0)	(5.0)	(5.5)
Min odvo distance3	Cmin	in.	3 ¹ / ₄	4	5	5 ¹ / ₂	mm	63	83	102	127	140
Min. edge distance ³		(mm)	(83)	(102)	(127)	(140)	(in.)	(2.5)	(3.25)	(4.0)	(5.0)	(5.5)
Minimum concrete thickness	h	in.	5.9	6.7	9.1	10.6	mm	120	150	170	230	270
Minimum concrete thickness	h _{min}	(mm)	(150)	(170)	(230)	(270)	(in.)	(4.7)	(5.9)	(6.7)	(9.1)	(10.6)
Critical edge distance – splitting (for uncracked concrete)	C _{ac}	-	See Se	ection 4.1.	10.2 of this	s report	-	See Section 4.1.10.2 of this report				
Strength reduction factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B (supplemental reinforcement not present) ²	φ	-		0.65			-	0.65				
Strength reduction factor for shear, concrete failure modes, Condition B (supplemental reinforcement not present) ²	φ	-		0.70			-			0.70		

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Additional setting information is described in Figure 6, Manufacturers Printed Installation Instructions (MPII).

² The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

³ For installations with 1³/₄-inch edge distance, refer to Section 4.1.9.2 for spacing and maximum torque requirements.

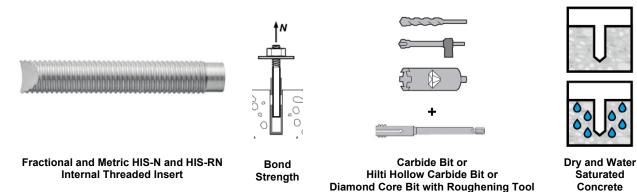


TABLE 29—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)¹

						p Screw D			Nominal Bolt/Cap Screw Diamete					
DESIGN	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nomina	•	actional	ameter	Units	NO		nm) Metr			
				³ /8	¹ / ₂	⁵ /8	³ / ₄		8	10	12	16	20	
-			in.	4 ³ / ₈	5	6 ³ / ₄	8 ¹ / ₈	mm	90	110	125	170	205	
Effective	embedment depth	h _{ef}	(mm)	(110)	(125)	(170)	(205)	(in.)	(3.5)	(4.3)	(4.9)	(6.7)	(8.1)	
HIS Inse	# 0 D	D	in.	0.65	0.81	1.00	1.09	mm	12.5	16.5	20.5	25.4	27.6	
		D	(mm)	(16.5)	(20.5)	(25.4)	(27.6)	(in.)	(0.49)	(0.65)	(0.81)	(1.00)	(1.09)	
0	Characteristic	_	psi	870	890	910	920	MPa	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.3	6.3	
⁺ature ∋ A²	bond strength in cracked concrete	T _{k,cr}	(MPa)	(6.0)	(6.1)	(6.3)	(6.3)	(psi)	(850)	(870)	(890)	(910)	(920)	
Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in		psi	1,950	1,950	1,950	1,950	MPa	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	
H	uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(MPa)	(13.5)	(13.5)	(13.5)	(13.5)	(psi)	(1,950)	(1,950)	(1,950)	(1,950)	(1,950)	
	Characteristic		psi	870	890	910	920	MPa	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.3	6.3	
rature ∍ B²	bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(MPa)	(6.0)	(6.1)	(6.3)	(6.3)	(psi)	(850)	(870)	(890)	(910)	(920)	
Temperature range B²	Characteristic bond strength in		psi	1,950	1,950	1,950	1,950	MPa	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	
F	uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(MPa)	(13.5)	(13.5)	(13.5)	(13.5)	(psi)	(1,950)	(1,950)	(1,950)	(1,950)	(1,950)	
-	Characteristic		psi	715	730	750	755	MPa	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.2	
rature ∍ C²	bond strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(MPa)	(4.9)	(5.0)	(5.2)	(5.2)	(psi)	(695)	(715)	(730)	(750)	(755)	
Temperature range C²	Characteristic bond strength in		psi	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	MPa	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	
Ť	uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(MPa)	(11.0)	(11.0)	(11.0)	(11.0)	(psi)	(1,600)	(1,600)	(1,600)	(1,600)	(1,600)	
sible tion ons	Dry and water saturated conc.	Anchor Category	-			1		-	1					
Permissible installation conditions		Ød, Øws	-		0.	65		-	0.65					
r seismic	Hammer drilled	$lpha_{ extsf{N}, extsf{seis}}$	-	0.92				-	0.92					
Reduction for seismic tension	Core drilled +	$lpha_{\sf N,seis}$	-	0.81	0.88	0.92	0.76	-	N/A	0.81	0.88	0.92	0.76	

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f'_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of (f'_c / 2,500)^{0.1} for uncracked concrete, [For SI: (f'_c / 17.2)^{0.1}] and (f'_c / 2,500)^{0.3} for cracked concrete, [For SI: (f'_c / 17.2)^{0.3}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature =110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range C: Maximum short term temperature = 248°F (120°C), Maximum long term temperature = 162°F (72°C). Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.



ANCHORING ELEMENTS



TABLE 30—DEVELOPMENT LENGTH FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE BIT^{1, 2, 4}

	Ы			Bar size							
DESIGN GENISON		Criteria Section of Reference Standard	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10
Nominal reinforcing bar	al	ASTM A615/A706	in.	0.375	0.500	0.625	0.750	0.875	1.000	1.128	1.270
diameter	d		(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)	(22.2)	(25.4)	(28.7)	(32.3)
Nominal bar area	A _b	ASTM A615/A706	in ²	0.11	0.20	0.31	0.44	0.60	0.79	1.00	1.27
			(mm²)	(71)	(129)	(199)	(284)	(387)	(510)	(645)	(819)
Development length for $f_y = 60$ ksi and $f'_c = 2500$ nsi (narmal	I _d	ACI 318-19 25.4.2.4 ACI 318-14 25.4.2.3	in.	12.0	14.4	18.0	21.6	31.5	36.0	40.6	45.7
2,500 psi (normal weight concrete) ³		ACI 318-11 12.2.3	(mm)	(304.8)	(365.8)	(457.2)	(548.6)	(800.1)	(914.4)	(1031.4)	(1161.3)
Development length for $f_y = 60$ ksi and $f'_c = 4,000$ psi (normal	I _d	ACI 318-19 25.4.2.4 ACI 318-14 25.4.2.3	in.	12.0	12.0	14.2	17.1	24.9	28.5	32.1	36.1
weight concrete) ³		ACI 318-11 12.2.3	(mm)	(304.8)	(304.8)	(361.4)	(433.7)	(632.5)	(722.9)	(815.4)	(918.1)

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Development lengths valid for static, wind, and earthquake loads (SDC A and B). ² Development lengths in SDC C through F must comply with ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21 and section 4.2.4 of this report.

³ For sand-lightweight concrete, increase development length by 33%, unless the provisions of ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5, ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 or ACI 318-11 12.2.4 (d) are met to permit $\lambda > 0.75$.

$$\frac{d}{d_b} \left(\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b} \right) = 2.5, \ \psi_t = 1.0, \ \psi_e = 1.0, \ \psi_s = 0.8 \text{ for } d_b \le \#6, \ 1.0 \text{ for } d_b > \#6.$$

TABLE 31—DEVELOPMENT LENGTH FOR EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE BIT 1, 2, 4

				Bar size								
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Criteria Section of Reference Standard	Units	8	10	12	16	20	25	32		
Nominal reinforcing bar	d _b	BS 4449: 2005	mm	8	10	12	16	20	25	32		
diameter	u _b	D3 4449. 2003	(in.)	(0.315)	(0.394)	(0.472)	(0.630)	(0.787)	(0.984)	(1.260)		
Nominal bar area	Ab	BS 4449: 2005	mm ²	50.3	78.5	113.1	201.1	314.2	490.9	804.2		
			(in ²)	(0.08)	(0 12)	(0.18)	(0.31)	(0 49)	(0.76)	(1.25)		
Development length for f_y = 72.5 ksi and f'_c = 2,500	la	ACI 318-19 25.4.2.4 ⁵ ACI 318-14 25.4.2.3	mm	305	348	417	556	871	1087	1392		
psi (normal weight concrete) ³	Ia	ACI 318-11 12.2.3	(in.)	(12.0)	(13.7)	(16.4)	(21.9)	(34.3)	(42.8)	(54.8)		
Development length for f_y = 72.5 ksi and f'_c = 4,000	la	ACI 318-19 25.4.2.4⁵ ACI 318-14 25.4.2.3	mm	305	305	330	439	688	859	1100		
psi (normal weight concrete) ³	.0	ACI 318-11 12.2.3	(in.)	(12.0)	(12.0)	(13.0)	(17.3)	(27.1)	(33.8)	(43.3)		

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹Development lengths valid for static, wind, and earthquake loads (SDC A and B). ²Development lengths in SDC C through F must comply with ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21 and section 4.2.4 of this report. ³ For sand-lightweight concrete, increase development length by 33%, unless the provisions of ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5, ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 or ACI 318-11 12.2.4 (d) are met to permit $\lambda > 0.75$.

$${}^{4}\left(\frac{c_{b}+K_{tr}}{d_{b}}\right) = 2.5, \ \psi_{t} = 1.0, \ \psi_{e} = 1.0, \ \psi_{s} = 0.8 \text{ for } d_{b} < 20 \text{mm}, \ 1.0 \text{ for } d_{b} \ge 20 \text{mm}.$$

 5 I_d must be increased by 9.5% to account for ψ_{g} in ACI 318-19 25.4.2.4. ψ_{g} has been interpolated from Table 25.4.2.5 of ACI 318-10 for fy = 72.5 ksi.

	10			Bar size						
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Criteria Section of Reference Standard	Units	10M	15M	20M	25M	30M		
Nominal reinforcing bar	d b	CAN/CSA-G30.18 Gr. 400	mm	11.3	16.0	19.5	25.2	29.9		
diameter	G D		(in.)	(0.445)	(0.630)	(0.768)	(0.992)	(1.177)		
	A _b		mm ²	100.3	201.1	298.6	498.8	702.2		
Nominal bar area		CAN/CSA-G30.18 Gr. 400	(in²)	(0.16)	(0.31)	(0.46)	(0.77)	(1.09)		
Development length for $f_y = 58$ ksi and $f'_c = 2,500$	ld	ACI 318-19 25.4.2.4 ACI 318-14 25.4.2.3	mm	315	445	678	876	1041		
psi (normal weight concrete) ³		ACI 318-11 12.2.3	(in.)	(12.4)	(17.5)	(26.7)	(34.5)	(41.0)		
Development length for $f_y = 58$ ksi and $f_c = 4,000$,	ACI 318-19 25.4.2.4 ACI 318-14 25.4.2.3	mm	305	353	536	693	823		
psi (normal weight concrete) ³	la	ACI 318-14 25.4.2.3 ACI 318-11 12.2.3	(in.)	(12.0)	(13.9)	(21.1)	(27.3)	(32.4)		

TABLE 32—DEVELOPMENT LENGTH FOR CANADIAN METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE BIT 1, 2, 4

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹ Development lengths valid for static, wind, and earthquake loads (SDC A and B).

² Development lengths in SDC C through F must comply with ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21 and Section 4.2.4 of this report.

³ For sand-lightweight concrete, increase development length by 33%, unless the provisions of ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5, ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 or ACI 318-11 12.2.4 (d) are met to permit $\lambda > 0.75$.

 $\left(\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b}\right) = 2.5, \ \psi_t = 1.0, \ \psi_e = 1.0, \ \psi_s = 0.8 \text{ for } d_b < 20M, \ 1.0 \text{ for } d_b \ge 20M.$

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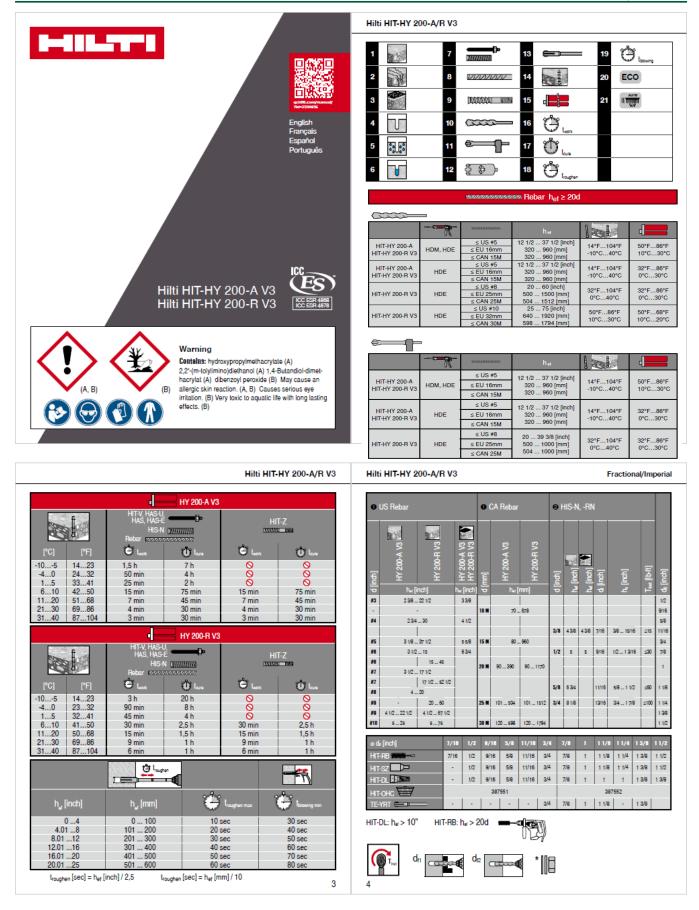


FIGURE 6-MANUFACTURER'S PRINTED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (MPII)

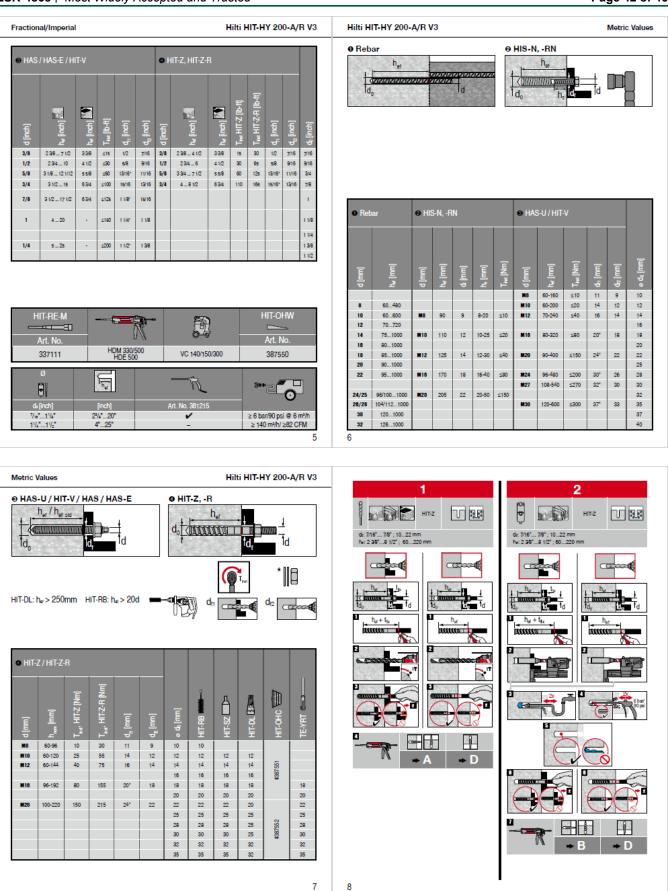
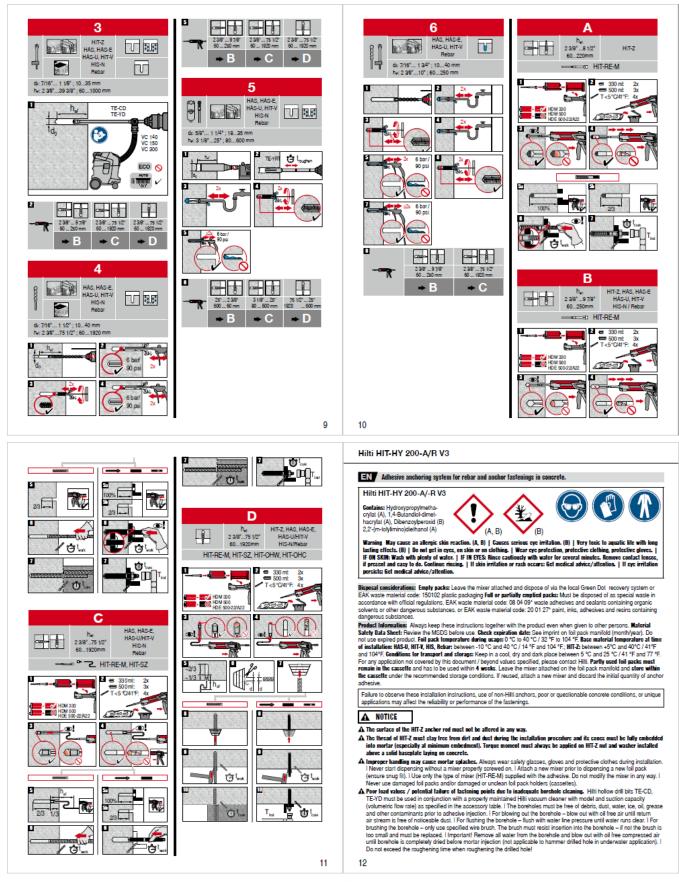


FIGURE 6—MANUFACTURER'S PRINTED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (MPII) (Continued)



▲ Ensure that boreholes are filled from the back of the borehole without forming air volds. If necessary use the accessories / extensions to reach the back of the borehole. I For overhead applications use the overhead accessories HT-S2 and take special care when inserting the fastening element. Excess adhesive may be forced out of the borehole. Make sure that no mortar drips onto the installer. In valuer saturated concrete it is required to set the anchor immediately after cleaning the borehole.

A Not adhering to these setting instructions can result in failure of fastening points!

1

5

9

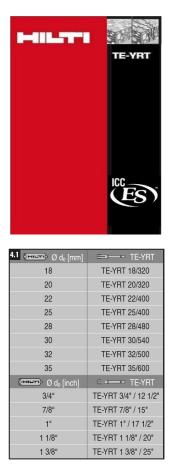
-6

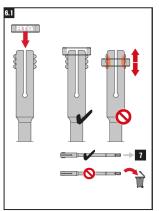
h_{ef}

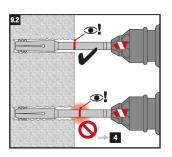
6

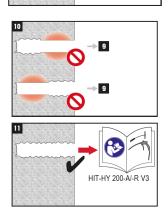
4.1

12



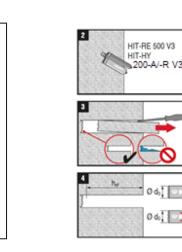






Ötroughe

9.1



6 TE-YRT	() RTG
TE-YRT 18/320	RTG 18
TE-YRT 20/320	RTG 20
TE-YRT 22/400	RTG 22
TE-YRT 25/400	RTG 25
TE-YRT 28/480	RTG 28
TE-YRT 30/540	RTG 30
TE-YRT 32/500	RTG 32
TE-YRT 35/600	RTG 35
==== TE-YRT	() RTG
TE-YRT 3/4" / 12 1/2"	RTG 3/4"
TE-YRT 7/8" / 15"	RTG 7/8"
TE-YRT 1" / 17 1/2"	RTG 1"
TE-YRT 1 1/8" / 20"	RTG 1 1/8"
TE-YRT 1 3/8" / 25"	RTG 1 3/8"

9.1 h _{ef} [mm]	😁 t _{roughen} (= h _{ef} / 10)
0 100	10 sec
101 200	20 sec
201 300	30 sec
301 400	40 sec
401 500	50 sec
501 600	60 sec
h _{ef} [inch]	🕒 t _{roughen} (= h _{ef} · 2.5)
0 4	10 sec
4.01 8	20 sec
8.01 12	30 sec
12.01 16	40 sec
16.01 20	50 sec
20.01 25	60 sec

12 💭 Ø do [mm]	E TE-YRT
17,918,2	TE-YRT 18/320
19,920,2	TE-YRT 20/320
21,922,2	TE-YRT 22/400
24,925,2	TE-YRT 25/400
27,928,2	TE-YRT 28/480
29,930,2	TE-YRT 30/540
31,932,2	TE-YRT 32/500
34,935,2	TE-YRT 35/600
🖅 Ød₀[inch]	= TE-YRT
0.764 0.776	TE-YRT 3/4" / 12 1/2"
0.8620.874	TE-YRT 7/8" / 15"
1.0081.020	TE-YRT 1" / 17 1/2"
1.146 1.157	TE-YRT 1 1/8" / 20"
1.3741.386	TE-YRT 1 3/8" / 25"





ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-4868 LABC and LARC Supplement

Reissued November 2022 Revised March 2023 This report is subject to renewal November 2024.

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A Subsidiary of the International Code Council®

DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

HILTI, INC.

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

HILTI HIT-HY 200 V3 ADHESIVE ANCHORS AND POST INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS IN CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the Hilti HIT HY 200 Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System for cracked and uncracked concrete, described in ICC-ES evaluation report <u>ESR-4868</u>, has also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below as adopted by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS).

Applicable code editions:

- 2020 City of Los Angeles Building Code (LABC)
- 2020 City of Los Angeles Residential Code (LARC)

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System for cracked and uncracked concrete, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report <u>ESR-4868</u>, complies with LABC Chapter 19, and LARC, and is subjected to the conditions of use described in this supplement.

3.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The Hilti HIT HY 200 V3 Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System described in this evaluation report supplement must comply with all of the following conditions:

- All applicable sections in the evaluation report ESR-4868.
- The design, installation, conditions of use and labeling of the Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System are in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code[®] (2018 IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report <u>ESR-4868</u>.
- The design, installation and inspection are in accordance with additional requirements of LABC Chapters 16 and 17, as applicable.
- Under the LARC, an engineered design in accordance with LARC Section R301.1.3 must be submitted.
- The allowable and strength design values listed in the evaluation report and tables are for the connection of the adhesive anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars to the concrete. The connection between the adhesive anchors or post-installed reinforcing bars and the connected members shall be checked for capacity (which may govern).
- For use in wall anchorage assemblies to flexible diaphragm, anchors shall be designed per the requirements of City of Los Angeles Information Bulletin P/BC 2020-071.

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued November 2022 and revised March 2023.

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ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-4868 FBC Supplement

Reissued November 2022 Revised March 2023 This report is subject to renewal November 2024.

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DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

HILTI, INC.

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

HILTI HIT-HY 200 V3 ADHESIVE ANCHORS AND POST INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS IN CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive Anchors and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System in Concrete, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4868, has also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below.

Applicable code editions:

- 2020 Florida Building Code—Building
- 2020 Florida Building Code—Residential

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive Anchor System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4868, comply with the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, provided the design requirements are in accordance with the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, as applicable. The installation requirements noted in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4868 for the 2018 *International Building Code*[®] meet the requirements of the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code—Residential*.

Use of the Hilti HIT-HY 200 V3 Adhesive Anchor System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System have also been found to be in compliance with the High-Velocity Hurricane Zone provisions of the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the formation and the florida Building Code—Building and the florida Building Code—Building Cod

a) For anchorage to wood members, the connection subject to uplift must be designed for no less than 700 pounds (3114 N).

For products falling under Florida Rule 61G20-3, verification that the report holder's quality assurance program is audited by a quality assurance entity approved by the Florida Building Commission for the type of inspections being conducted is the responsibility of an approved validation entity (or the code official, when the report holder does not possess an approval by the Commission).

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued November 2022 and revised March 2023.

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